THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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Seven Men Indicted.

Such Has Been the Work of the Cronin Grand Jury.

THE INVESTIGATION ENDED.

The Bills Found Against Coughlin, Sullivan, Woodruff, Burke, Beggs, Cooney and Kunze—Alexander Sullivan's Case Goes Over to the Next Jury—The State's Attorney Satisfied With the Work.

CHICAGO, July 1.—The clock in Judge Shepard's court room registered the hour of 7:10 Saturday evening when the special grand jury which has been investigating the Cronin mystery filed into the room with their report. Every juror answered to his name as the clerk called the roll, and as the call was complete Judge Shepard, who had been in session since 4:30 o'clock, addressed Foreman Clough:

"Have you a report to make?"

"We have" and a document upon which all eyes fastened with eager interest was handed to the judge.

"Have you further business, gentlemen," was the next query.

"I think we have finished what we had to do."

"Then you may be excused from any further service."

With this stereotyped conversation ended the work of the grand jury.

The report indicted seven men, of whom three were already in jail under previous indictments—Coughlin, Sullivan and Woodruff, and a fourth, John Beggs, was under arrest on suspicion. The fifth man was Martin Burke, the suspect in custody at Winnipeg. The sixth and seventh men indicted are still at large—Patrick Cooney, "The Fox," and John Kunze, a friend of Detective Coughlin, whose alleged complicity was only brought to the attention of the authorities within the past two days.

Within an hour after the return of the indictment a capias had been made out for John F. Beggs, the senior guardian of Camp 20, of the Clan-na-Gael, whose place of detention has been a down town police station. He was at once transferred to a cell near the other accused, in murderer's row, at the county jail.

None of the prisoners or suspects were represented in court when the Cronin grand jury reported to Judge Shepard. Few persons at all were present besides officials, except a number of newspaper men.

After the last formalities of the long inquisition were ended, State's Attorney Longenecker told a number of reporters that he had not yet dropped the case in its relation to Alexander Sullivan. The state's attorney claimed that the grand jury had been unable, owing to the expiration of its term, to hear all the evidence that could be presented against Mr Sullivan. The inquiry as to Sullivan would be continued to the next jury. Whether it would be another special panel or the regular body could not be ascertained.

It was conceded by Mr. Longenecker in private conversation that up to the moment that the term of the grand jury expired, the authorities had not secured sufficient evidence upon which Sullivan could be convicted. An indictment of him, therefore, so the state's attorney reasoned would undoubtedly result in an immediate trial and acquittal, hence forever any further proceedings, a result which from Mr. Longenecker's standpoint was not to be desired. Another reason for the state's attorney's course is said to be a hope on his part that before the trial of the men indicted instead some of them may be induced, through hope of saving their own necks, to give evidence directly incriminating Sullivan.

Kunze, the Cronin suspect whose name became talked about for the first time last Saturday, is a picture frame maker, who spent a good deal of time around the Chicago avenue police station, to which Detective Coughlin was attached. Kunze is supposed to have driven Coughlin to the Carlson cottage the fatal night of May 4. State's Attorney Longenecker talks very positively about having evidence enough to surely send Coughlin and Kunze. It is intimated that the state has in reserve two witnesses who will swear to seeing Coughlin and Kunze near the cottage that night, and equally direct testimony against Cooney and Burke. One of the witnesses is said to be a member of Camp 20. The evidence against Beggs is said to consist chiefly of suspicious passages in his correspondence with his superior officer in the Clan-na-Gael Edward Spellman, of Peoria.

Foreman Clough, of the grand jury, who closed its labors in the Cronin case Saturday, said that a more damnable conspiracy was never conceived and executed. All of the men named in the indictment were deeply implicated in the murder of Dr. Cronin.

John O'Neil, another juror, said he believed Dr. Cronin was sentenced to death in Camp 20, of the Clan-na-Gael. Kunze, who has hardly been mentioned in connection with the case until his indictment Saturday, he said, was none of the slanderers. His connection with the murder, he said, can be shown by twenty witnesses. Kunze is the man suspected of driving Dr. Cronin from his boarding place to the Carlson cottage.

Wreck Damage Repaired.

BATAVIA, O., July 1.—The trestle over Duck Run, on the Ohio and Northwestern railway, which gave way with the evening train Friday night has been repaired, and the first train crossed yesterday afternoon at 3:30. All the wounded are recovering from their injuries and the damage to the road will not be so great as at first thought. The cars were taken to Portsmouth, and can all be repaired without much expense.

OVER NIAGARA FALLS.

Barrel Battered to Pieces in an Empty Trial Trip.

NIAGARA FALLS, July 1.—It took less than an hour Sunday morning to fully demonstrate that Graham's "life barrel" as such is hardly a success. Ever since Graham's trip through the whirlpool rapids, he has been telling of a lifeboat that he would construct, and which would carry him safely over the falls. His friends finding that they could not prevail upon him to give up the idea persuaded him to try the experiment by sending the barrel over alone. Yesterday morning they set the boat adrift as it passed out of sight over the ledge opposite the Sister islands, it was seen to spin around like a top. Graham had gone to the water's edge to pick up the barrel when it came over the fall. The first intimation they had of its arrival was several broken staves floating past, one of which bore the name of the craft—"World." Several pieces were secured, the largest being three staves. The other pieces floated down the river.

CARLTON J. GRAHAM

GRAHAM'S BARREL.

A comparison of time shows that in less than thirty minutes after the barrel was cut loose from the boat the pieces were picked up below the falls. When Graham was asked his opinion about it he said he had none, that the craft was the strongest ever built to go over the falls and that it did not draw over ten inches of water. Strength would seem to have little to do with it, as an empty box went over and came out all right only a few minutes before. When asked what would be his next move Graham replied: "I am going to build another, and I will yet build one that will carry me safely over the falls." He is very much disappointed, but does not seem disheartened over the failure.

SUNDAY AT JOHNSTOWN.

Almost Quiet Day Except for Religious Services.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 1.—Aside from the confusion occasioned by the presence of a large number of excursionists yesterday the city was very quiet. The working men were enjoying much needed rest and the state troops had nothing to do beyond pacing their beats, doing police duty.

The most interesting feature of the day was the baptism of a child of the late David James Jones by name, a bouncing lad of six months, who has passed beyond a doubt that he was not born to be drowned. Rev. Edward Cinett, a Congregational minister of the Red Cross corps, performed the interesting ceremony. The baby and its parents had a very narrow escape. Gilbert H Prindle, quartermaster of the Philadelphia division, donated a bottle of water from the river Jordan, and the youngster got his name with honors. Religious services were held in the various churches, which were largely attended.

The objections to the Chicago built cars have disappeared, and they are now eagerly sought after for a temporary hesitation.

Coroner Evans will take the jury up to the South Fork dam to finish testimony as to the question of the responsibility of the club.

The citizens of Cambria City want to be compensated with lumber for 200 houses, which they will erect themselves. They could in a week they could house 1,000 people.

THEATER BURNED.

The Academy of Music at Cleveland Damaged by Fire.

CLEVELAND, O., July 1.—The Academy of Music, the oldest amusement house in the city, was gutted by fire Saturday morning. Capt. J. W. Decker, who held the lease of the place, is at present in New York, booking attractions for his management it had been a vaudeville house. His loss will not exceed $500. The building belongs to the Mentpelier estate. The loss is estimated at $18,000, on which there is an insurance of $8,000. It is supposed to have caught fire from a cigar or match carelessly thrown by an employee of the place. The administrator of the estate is undecided whether to rebuild.

The weight of the water crushed the roofs of the establishments below, and the Ocean, a restaurant and saloon by Hannan & Fromley, was flooded, the contents ruined. Their loss is $1,000, on which there is $5,000 insurance. The Kennard house is next to the theater, and only separated from it by a thin brick wall. The guests became greatly alarmed, and many of them left in haste. The hotel, however, was not injured in the least. The Academy was built in 1853, and for a long time was the leading theater of all this section of the state. All the famous early day stars played upon its stage.

The Indiana block coal miners will vote Monday, July 1, on the proposition to accept the operators' terms.

The Haytian Trouble.

Why the Kearsage Was Sent to Port-au-Prince.

THE MYSTERY ALL EXPLAINED.

Legitime Pays Five Thousand Dollars for Detaining a New York Steamer Three Hours—Work on Our New Navy—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The secret of the cablegram from Hayti, which caused such a commotion in the navy and state department a fortnight ago, and sent Rear Admiral Gherardi off post haste with the Kearsage to Port-au-Prince, has at last been discovered. Everybody guessed at it, and a couple of New York newspapers printed what they claimed to be the text of the cablegram.

They were all wrong. A steamer arrived in New York last Wednesday from Hayti with the news that the Clyde steamer Ozama, owned in New York, had been captured by the Haytian gunboat La Defense and corvette Dessalines and held for three hours. Capt. Kellogg, of the United States steamship Ossipee, demanded her immediate release. Legitime refused to let her go, except under certain conditions.

Capt. Kellogg sent word to Legitime that unless the steamer was released within five hours, and $5,000 indemnity paid by Legitime, the Ossippe would bombard the city. Legitime paid the money and released the Ozama, and that was all there was of it.

But the cablegram which raised the disturbance was one from Capt. Kellogg to Secretary Tracy announcing that Legitime had captured the New York steamer. That news was sufficient to stir up the navy and state departments, and the officials of the latter thought it necessary to keep the news a secret.

Rapid Work in Building Our Navy.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The designs for the 7,500 and 5,300 ton cruisers have been agreed upon, and as soon as the necessary work of drafting their schemes is completed proposals will be invited for their construction. Five of the new vessels have already been given out for bids, which will be opened by Secretary Tracy on Aug. 22. These are the two 3,000 ton nineteen knot cruisers and the three 2,000 ton eighteen knot cruisers.

Next month the bids for the ocean tugs will be opened, and the submerged Monitor authorized from designs furnished by Hon. J. R. Thomas will also be advertised for, so that by the time congress meets the way will be clear for any additional legislation for the navy that may be deemed necessary.

The President's Fourth.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The president and Mrs. Harrison will spend the Fourth of July at Woodstock, Conn., the guests of Mr. Henry C. Bowen, the proprietor of The New York Independent, and there take part in the patriotic picnic which that gentleman annually holds in that pleasant New England village. The journey will be commenced at 3:45 p. m., on Tuesday, over the Baltimore and Potomac road, and the return trip will be entered upon Friday evening, the party planning to reach Washington Saturday morning.

No Vacancy Just Now.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—It is now stated upon what is deemed most excellent authority that there will be no immediate change in the head of the bureau of ordnance, navy department, as the department has decided that the time of Commodore Sicard will not expire until January next. The commodore was appointed July 1. He was not confirmed, however, until the following January.

A Colored Man Murdered.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The remains of Enoch Turner, a colored man, was found on the commons Saturday night, a bullet-hole in the head indicating murder. The police arrested on suspicion Hettie Green, Charles Daniel and Frances Williams, all colored, the occupants of a house near at hand. Yesterday they arrested James Sharp, colored, who is suspected of complicity in the crime.

Gone on Ahead to Prepare the House.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—On Tuesday Mrs. McKee is expected to reach the cottage at Deer Park, which the presidential household will occupy throughout the heated term, to superintend the final preparations for the reception of the president, Mrs. Harrison and the McKee children, who will arrive there on Saturday evening next.

Ready for Business.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Daniel M. Ransdell, the newly appointed marshal of the District of Columbia arrived from Indianapolis last night and will take charge of his office to-day.

Ohio Union Labor Party Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., July 1.—By order of the state central committee of the Union Labor party a call is made for a mass state convention, to convene in Lima, O., July 4, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of putting a state ticket in nomination and to transact such other business as may come before it. All are invited to participate in its deliberations who endorse unequivocally the platform of principles adopted at Cincinnati, by the National convention of the Union Labor party, June 12, 1888.

An Indiana Fish Story.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., July 1.—A barn burned south of here the other day. Near it was a pond stocked with carp, and the fire heated the water so that the fish leaped out of the water on the bank at a point furthest from the burning building while trying to escape from the excessive heat.

THE STRIKE ON.

Over Two Thousand Employes of Carnegie's Steel Works Out of Employment.

PITTSBURG, July 1.—The strike at the great steel plant of Carnegie & Company against the scale proposed by the firm was declared on at a meeting of Amalgamated workmen yesterday. Today the works are idle in all departments. It is the intention of the company to devote the next two weeks to necessary repairs about the mill, and after they are complete, if the men still persist in refusing to sign the scale, an attempt will be made to operate the plant with new workmen.

The strike will affect about 2,400 men. Of this number 1,800 are members of the Amalgamated Association, and the balance laborers and machinists. The latter will be organized in an Amalgamated lodge as soon as the strike is fairly on. The fight promises to be bitter and long drawn out, as both sides are determined. It is stated that the Amalgamated Association will aid the strikers for two years, if necessary. The scale proposed by the firm reduces wages about 15 per cent., but falls heaviest upon the workmen receiving the highest wages.

1,200 Indiana Block Coal Miner' Strike.

BRAZIL, Ind., July 1.—The striking block coal miners are voting to-day on the proposition to accept the operators' offers, the election having been postponed, for some reason, from Saturday. A mass meeting in one of the districts is said to have insisted unanimously on arbitration. Contrary to the advice of the state board of charities, it is feared the miners will yield to outside promises of aid and prolong the strike. Several large contracts are on the eve of being let for other coals, as some have already been. In ten days a year's trade may be turned away unless the strike ends and the mines left idle or filled with machines.

Advance in Puddlers' Wages.

READING, Pa., July 1.—Commencing to-day a number of rolling mill firms in the Schuylkill valley will advance the wages of puddlers from $3 to $3.50 per ton. This advance is due to the better tone prevailing in the iron market.

BASE BALL.

Standing of the American Association and League Clubs.

ASSOCIATION GAMES.

	Won.	Lost.
St. Louis	41	19
Athletic	34	21
Brooklyn	35	23
Baltimore	33	26
Cincinnati	31	27
Kansas City	29	33
Columbus	28	35
Louisville	19	51

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.
Boston	34	15
Cleveland	34	20
New York	29	19
Philadelphia	27	25
Chicago	24	29
Pittsburg	22	29
Indianapolis	19	31
Washington	13	34

SUNDAY'S GAMES.

At Kansas City—Kansas City 3, Cincinnati 9.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 13, Louisville 7.

At Columbus—Columbus 4, Baltimore 7.

SATURDAY'S BASE BALL—Kansas City 9, Cincinnati 3; St. Louis 10, Louisville 1; Baltimore 7, Columbus 0; Brooklyn 8, Athletics 2; New York 4, Indianapolis 1; Washington 5, Cleveland 4; Chicago 8, Boston 2; Pittsburg 8, Philadelphia 0; Pittsburg 3, Philadelphia 2.

THE BIG FIGHT.

Efforts Being Made to Secure a Fair Fight Between Sullivan and Kilrain.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—Yesterday was a very quiet one in pugilistic circles. Rain fell heavily in the afternoon and the Duffy-McHale fight was consequently postponed until next Sunday.

Bud Renaud received a letter from Charley Reed, the veteran turfman, yesterday, urging him to see that the Sullivan-Kilrain fight is fairly conducted and that the men be allowed to fight to a finish. Renaud replied that every effort would be made by the management to secure the results mentioned by Reed, that he hoped the affair would result to the entire satisfaction of every sportingman in the country as far as fairness is concerned.

Barn Wrecked and Farm House Burned.

XENIA, O., July 1.—During a heavy wind and rain storm yesterday afternoon, the large new barn, nearly completed, at the Soldiers' Orphans' home, was blown down. Track on the Little Miami, near Spring Valley, slightly washed out. Passengers on the evening train from the east report a farm house near Selma struck by lightning and burned, and a farmer probably fatally injured.

Killed by a Locomotive.

CHICAGO, July 1.—A locomotive on the Northwestern road crashed into a farmer's wagon at Maywood, a small village near this city, last night, killing August Multenhouer instantly, and fatally injuring his brother-in-law Fred. Liebenhouer. Hilda Radatz, aged 11 years, was also seriously injured, but may recover. Two other children in the wagon received severe bruises.

A Week Club Weakened.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Washington base ball club has been weakened by the release of Myers, the second baseman, who has been sold to the Philadelphia club. Myers has been the strongest member of the weakest team in the League. Andrews, of the Philadelphias, comes to Washington. The Philadelphia team pays a money bonus.

The Razor as a Carving Knife.

VICKSBURG, Miss., July 1.—In a difficulty at Warrenton last evening between Edna Williams and Delia Henderson, both colored, the latter was horribly slashed with a razor, and expired in a few minutes. The murderess and her husband were arrested.

RIOT IN MISSOURI.

Two Rural Factions Amuse Themselves by Shooting at Each Other.

GLASGOW, Mo., July 1.—A riot between two rural factions, numbering about twenty persons, occurred in the streets of Glasgow Saturday afternoon. The difficulty was the outgrowth of a local feud. John Patton saw Louis Watts on the street and commenced throwing stones at him, finally rushing at him with an open knife. Friends of the men rushed in and the fight became general.

Aaron Johnson and Lewis Watts received mortal wounds, and John Patton was shot dead. Six other persons were injured, Peter Herndon being shot in the left thigh. Albert Carter in the fleshy part of the left leg, and the others sustained various injuries from stones. The police and sheriff's forces finally quelled the riot, making a number of arrests. More bloodshed is feared.

Monument Dedicated at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 1.—The sixty-first New York infantry survivors Sunday afternoon dedicated their monument on the "wheat field" where they lost sixty-three out of ninety-three men engaged July 2, 1863. Capt. Leo Nutting, of New York city transferred the monument to the memorial association, Secretary J. M. Krauth receiving it. The oration was by Capt. Charles A. Fuller, of Shenango county, who lost a leg and part of his shoulder where the monument stands. Rev. Dr. C. A. Hay, made the opening prayer, and Rev. Dr. Swartz pronounced the benediction, both of this place.

Drowned While Bathing.

BUTLER, Ky., July 1.—Arthur Daniels, while bathing in Licking river, near this place Sunday morning, was seized with cramps and drowned. His body has not been recovered.

Mother and Child Found Dead.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 1.—Mrs. Morris Reubens and her infant were found dead in bed this morning. The cause of death is a mystery.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Minor Events and Little Happenings at Various Places.

There are 1,534 prisoners in the Ohio penitentiary.

Three persons were injured by a gas explosion at Boston.

John Frash was drowned while fishing, near Lafayette, Ind.

Charlie Mitchell says that Jake Kilrain is in splendid condition.

Five glass factories at Fostoria, O., have shut down for the summer season.

John Brown, aged 17, committed suicide by hanging near Plattsburg, N. Y.

Arthur Daniels was drowned in Licking river, near Butler, Ky., while bathing.

Mrs. Catherine Arnold, of Cleveland, O., started a fire with coal oil. She is dead.

George Grimes was drowned near Butler, Ky., while bathing in the Licking river.

Lafayette, Ind., has been connected by pipe line with the Kempton natural gas field.

James Gibson, a miner, from Dayton, Tenn., was found murdered at Chattanooga.

At Lebanon, O., Edward Bunnell was convicted of criminally assaulting a 13-year-old girl.

Edwin Conger, recently convicted in Cincinnati of wife murder, has been granted a new trial.

William Wyatt, of Marion, Ala., died at Chattanooga from the effects of an overdose of laudanum.

Charles D. Thompson, of Georgetown, O., has been elected colonel of the Thirteenth regiment, O. N. G.

Mrs. Fred. Hess died at Lafayette, Ind., from the effects of a dose of morphine taken with suicidal intent.

William Ward, aged 19, of Morgan county, Ind., was reprimanded by his father, and shot himself through the head.

The president and cashier of a National bank at Indianapolis are charged with violating the law in reference to loans.

The new church of the Sacred Heart, at Camp Washington, Cincinnati, was dedicated with impressive ceremonies yesterday.

At Lexington, Ky., William Cravins was fatally shot by Ed. Manson, a companion, who claims it was an accident. Both colored.

The strike at the great steel works of Carnegie & Company was declared on Sunday. About 2,400 men are thrown out of employment.

Frank Maxa, a Bohemian, was stabbed and instantly killed, at Chicago, by Stanislaus Dimboiski. The killing was the result of an old feud.

A limited express train on the Boston and Albany railroad was ditched near New Haven, Conn. Three persons were killed and a number seriously injured.

Miss Elizabeth Drexel, daughter of the late Joseph Drexel, and Mr. John Vinton Dahlgren, son of the late Rear Admiral Dahlgren, were married at New York.

Near Bird's Station, Ill., James Shaw was shot and fatally wounded by his stepson, whom he reprimanded for devoting more time to dime novels than to farm work.

Alexander Whittaker, colored, who murdered his wife at Owensboro, Ky., Saturday night, jumped into the river at Evansville, Ind., to escape arrest, and was drowned.

The mangled remains of Charles Buckingham, a farmer living near North Bend, were found on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad track, at Dunlap's Gap, early Sunday morning. Foul play is suspected.

Near Chicago, Tex., an old man named Olson, who lived with his son-in-law, abused his daughter, and was ordered by her husband to desist. Procuring a shotgun, he chased the family out of the house, set fire to the premises and perished in the flames.

Judge Johnson, of Valparaiso, Ind., holds that the law prohibiting the sale of fresh meat that has not been inspected on foot in the county in which it is paid is unconstitutional exercise of power by individual states over the interstate commerce and discharged the prisoner brought before him for violating the statute.

An Imperial Visitor.

Fashionable London In a State of Excitement.

THE RECEPTION OF THE SHAH.

How the Ruler of Persia Will Be Entertained During His Stay in England's Capital—William O'Brien Arrested Again—A Big Fire in Luneburg, Prussia—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, July 1.—Fashionable London has nothing to think of to-day but the gorgeous preparations which are being pushed forward for the reception of the Shah, who arrives this evening. The Prince of Wales, upon whom, very largely, rests the responsibility for the care of the imperial visitor while in England, has personally interested himself in all the details, and the grandeur and extent of the preparations for the reception are due very largely to his individual efforts. The prince departs for Sheerness at noon on a richly decorated steamer to receive the Shah and conduct him in state to Buckingham palace, which has been most elaborately fitted up for the use of the royal visitor and his suite.

SHAH OF PERSIA.

Tuesday the shah will lunch with the queen at Windsor castle, and Wednesday with the lord mayor and corporation of London. On Thursday he will attend a garden party at Marlborough house, at which the queen will be present. On this occasion Mr. Lincoln, the American minister, will meet the Shah. Friday there will be a state reception at Albert hall, at which all the guests will be required to wear court dresses and uniforms.

The shah has accepted the queen's private invitations, and also those of Lord and Lady Cadogan, who will entertain him at Chelsea house. The banker, Sassoon, and Mrs. Sassoon will give him a banquet at the Empire theater, at which only princes of the blood royal and sixty others will be present. The preparations for this affair are on a scale of magnificence never equaled in England, and Mr. Sassoon, when it is all over, will have to draw his check for £5,000 for the expenses.

The shah will also be entertained by Lord Rosebery in Berkely square, by Lord Salisbury at Hatfield, by Lord Brownlow at Ashridge, by Alfred Derothchild at Hatton, near Tring, and by Baron Ferdinand Derothschild at Waddesdon Manor, near Aylesbury. The Rothschilds have besides undertaken to supply the floral decorations at Albert hall and the Empire theater. The interiors are to be literally covered with roses and they will spend £2,000 for this purpose alone.

William O'Brien Arrested Again.

CORK, July 1. Mr. William O'Brien, member of parliament for Cork, and Mr. Patrick O'Brien, member for Monaghan, spoke at a crowded meeting here yesterday. When Mr. William O'Brien had finished his speech the police, who were present in force, took him into custody. The action caused great excitement among the populace, and they began to stone the police, who thereupon charged upon them, injuring many persons, including Mr. Patrick O'Brien. This gentleman, though scarcely able to walk, having been severely handled by one of the policemen in the course of the charge upon the populace, stepped up to Mr. William O'Brien, where the police were holding him, and shook hands with him.

The excitement here is at a fever heat, and disorder continues. Other meetings were held at many points in the vicinity of Cork.

Mr. Patrick O'Brien's injuries turn out to be more serious than at first reported, and his condition is now reported to be critical.

Trouble Between England and Portugal.

LONDON, July 1.—The cabinet Saturday discussed the troubles at Delagoa bay and formulated a sharp note to Portugal. Lord Salisbury will not submit mildly to the high handed manner in which Portugal has undertaken to deal with British capitalists, and he is determined to make trouble for that kingdom. Unless her ministers back down squarely from the position they assumed in the Delagoa bay railway matter. It is significant that two of the great London dailies have already notified a number of their correspondents to prepare for foreign service.

Radicals and Liberals to Unite.

BRUSSELS, July 1.—At a banquet here yesterday attended by both Radicals and Liberals the leaders of both parties in their speeches declared that the time had come when Radicals and Liberals must unite their forces and make common cause against the government, the common enemy of both. Mme. Graux, Fern and Buls spoke in the same strain.

Thirty-Six Buildings Burned.

BERLIN, July 1.—A fire which started in a cooperage works shop in Luneburg, in Hanover, yesterday, destroyed thirty-six buildings, including several factories with valuable machinery, and burned the roof of St. Nicholas church. Over 600 people are thrown out of work. The loss is estimated at 12,000,000 marks.

Fell from a Balloon.

PARIS, July 1.—A balloon ascending on the exposition grounds, [illegible]

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall St. N. Y.

POLISHES Furniture LUSTRINE CLEANS Furniture

REMOVES SCRATCHES, STAINS, &c. from House, Office, Hotel, Church and School Furniture. 25c., 50c., AND $1.00 BOTTLES. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND FURNITURE DEALERS.

came entangled in a projection of the machinery gallery. The car, which contained three persons, became detached and fell to the ground, severely injuring one of the occupants and slightly injuring the other two.

Property Damaged by a Cloud Burst.

ELGIN, Ill., July 1.—A cloud burst descended upon the city at noon yesterday. Rain fell in sheets for an hour. The streets were flooded, and sewers overflowed. Lightning struck several houses, and four ladies were rendered unconscious from electric shocks. The lower floors of many business houses were flooded, and much damage was done to stock. The damage to the city will amount to many thousand dollars.

Boy Commits Suicide.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 1.—On Saturday, David Ward, residing near Martinsville, Morgan county, reproved his 19-year-old son, William, because he had done some work in an unsatisfactory manner, and also for participating in a charivari. The young man brooded over the matter, and Sunday morning shot himself through the head, dying instantly.

Kindled the Fire With Kerosene.

CLEVELAND, O., July 1.—Mrs. Catherine Arnold, an aged woman living at 81 Woodbine street, was burned to death Sunday morning while trying to start a fire with kerosene.

The liquor dealers of South Dakota have perfected an organization against the adoption of the prohibition clause of the Sioux Falls constitution.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for June 29.

NEW YORK.—Money at 3 per cent. Exchange steady; governments firm.

Currency sixes, 118 bid; four coupons, 123¼ bid; four-and-a-halfs, 106¾ bid.

The stock market opened this morning with considerable activity. St. Paul and Lake Shore were the features of the dealings. The regular list exhibited considerable weakness and the first prices were generally ⅛ to ¼ per cent. below those of last night, and after 11 o'clock the market was dull except for St. Paul and Atchison which were especially pressed for sale. Near the close a decrease in the reserves as shown by the bank statement of 1,628,225 caused considerable selling, and the market closed ⅛ to ¼ per cent. lower for most of the list. The sales for the day amounted to 157,000 shares.

Bur. & Quincy	101¼	Michigan Cent.	90⅝
Central Pacific	35¾	Missouri Pacific	73⅞
C., C., C. & I.	52	N. Y. Central	107⅜
Del. & Hudson	147½	Northwestern	105¾
Del., Lack. & W	140⅝	Ohio & Miss.	22¾
Illinois Central	119	Pacific Mail	35½
Lake Shore	109½	St. Paul	79⅞
Louisville & Nash	64⅜	Western Union	85⅛

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—73@75c.

CORN—36@36c.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, 16@18c; one-fourth blood combing, 21@23c; medium delaine and clothing, 21@23c; braid, 18@20c; medium combing, 21@23c; fleece washed, fine merino X and XX, 28@29c; medium clothing, 30@31c; delaine fleece, 30@31c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $15 00; No. 2, $8 00; prairie, $7 00@8 00; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5 00@6 00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3 50@4 00; fair, $3 35@3 50; common, $1 75@2 75; stockers and feeders, $2 25@2 75; yearlings and calves, $2 50@3 50.

HOGS—Select butchers, $4 35@4 40; fair to good packing, $4 25@4 35; fair to good light, $4 20@4 30; common, $4 15@4 20.

SHEEP—Common to fair, $3 00@3 85; good to choice, $4 00@4 60.

LAMBS—$4 50@5 35.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, $4 25@4 50; mixed packing, $4 30@4 60; heavy to choice, $4 20@4 35.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, $5 50@6 10 mixed, $3 30@5 00; stockers and feeders, $2 25@3 40.

SHEEP—Common to choice, $3 25@4 00.

LAMBS—$2 00@4 00.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $4 25 fair to good, $3 80@4 20; common to fair, $3 50@3 75.

HOGS—Philadelphias, $4 25@4 70; mixed, $4 20@4 60; Yorkers, $4 10@4 60.

SHEEP—Prime, $4 70@4 85; fair to good, $4 25@4 50; common, $2 00@3 00; yearlings, $3 50@4 50.

LAMBS—$5 00@7 00.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 2 state red, 89½c; No. 2 red winter, July 89½c.

CORN—Mixed 37½c.

OATS—No. 2 white, 29½c; No. 2 mixed, July, 29½c.

CATTLE—$4 70@5 00 per 100 pounds; live weight.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Dull; cash, [illegible]

Perfect Fitting SUMMER COATS —AND— VESTS.

We have already sold more than all last season, and last Saturday we received our second stock, which we marked at the same low figures.

STRAW HATS

Lowest prices in the city.

KLEINMAIER BROS.

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MONDAY, - - - JULY 1.

The Wronged and Indignant Brother.

The Rev. Dr. F. W. Gunsaulus, of Chicago, who is well known in this city and Baltimore, tells of an amusing episode of his first pastorate, which, by the way, was in a town on Long Island. "I was full of enthusiasm in those days," he says in telling the story, "and came nearer to believing myself a great preacher than I ever have since. This Long Island town to which I was assigned was considered ungodly; but with the optimism of youth I believed that my eloquence would soon reduce it to a state of innocuous virtue. Well, the day for my maiden sermon came around, and the church was well filled. I was never more eloquent than I was that day, and before I got half through my sermon I felt quite confident of converting the whole town in short order. Just then I saw a tardy brother enter the church and weave uncertainly up the middle aisle. It required no second glance to see that, full as the church was that morning, he was still fuller. I was in hopes that he would quietly drop into one of the seats near the door, but my hopes were in vain.

"By walking up both sides of the aisle he gradually got to the front pews, right under the pulpit. It then occurred to me that I might prevent an unpleasant scene by addressing a soothing and pleasant remark to my bacchanalian brother. So I said in sympathetic tones, 'I perceive that the brother is sick. Perhaps if he were to allow the sexton to accompany him to the door he would speedily recover in the open air.' I felt like congratulating myself on my diplomacy, but the 'sick' brother seemed to misunderstand my good intentions. Bracing himself uncertainly against a pew, and gazing at me with a look of pained and indignant surprise, he remarked in thick but audible tones: 'It's a wonner to me that thish (hic) lad preashin' doesn't (hic) make 'em all sick.' This unholy repartee made everybody laugh, and when I left the pulpit I had given up all thoughts of converting the town by my eloquent preaching."—New York Graphic.

Fair Play.

Ah, husband, do not scold your wife
And make her poor heart ache,
Because she can't build pies like those
Your mother used to make.

That is, unless you're quite prepared,
To see the whole thing through,
And buy her hats and dresses as
Her father used to do.

—Ripley Tribune

An Exclusive Person.

On one occasion a lady called and presented a check which she wished cashed. As she was a perfect stranger to the paying teller, he said very politely: "Madam, you will have to bring some one to introduce you before we can cash this check."

Drawing herself up quite haughtily, she said freezingly: "But I do not wish to know you, sir!"—Richmond Dispatch.

Fast!

Pastor—How is your son coming on? I've not seen him lately.

Parent—Pretty well.

"I hope he is not showing any signs of becoming fast, as is so frequently the case with boys in large cities."

"Fast! Why, parson, he is a messenger boy."—Texas Siftings.

Some Other Day.

First Robber—I've found the dress the lady of the house does her shopping in. I suppose her purse is in the pocket.

Second Robber—Then we'll have to take the dress with us. We can hunt for the pocket when we have a whole day to spare.—New York Sun.

A Strong Foundation.

French pride has had a fall after all, for it has been discovered that a Hamburger cheese [illegible] the only thing considered by [illegible] to eat as [illegible] easy.—Bulwer Lytton.

Amusements of Royalty.

Near the palatial home of the Montezumas were many edifices erected solely for the pleasure of the reigning monarch; prominent was an aviary, in which birds of splendid plumage were gathered—

Creatures of wondrous tint, delightsome to the eye,
And some, full throated, pouring out
Their gladsome songs.

Three hundred attendants had charge of this rare company of plumy people; to feed them, give them a daily bath, collect scattering plumage, especially in moulting season, thus furnishing material for Aztec painters, was the all engrossing care.

Somewhat farther away birds of prey were also luxuriously domiciled—vultures and eagles and other "villainous eyed desperadoes;" for these, too, much thought was given, their usual bill of fare (a daily allowance) included among other dainties five hundred plump and toothsome turkeys.

And still beyond, strongly barricaded, were cages for wild animals, reptiles and serpents; the slimy, coiling, head erecting creatures held high carnival in long cages lined with down or feathers; or, if they needed recreation, troughs of mud and water were at their service.

To all these prisoners of state were given apartments both light and airy, ample enough as well, in which to move untrammeled; such were imperial orders, and keepers of strength and fearlessness were devoted to their comfort and cleanliness.

"Extensive gardens surrounded these buildings, full of fragrant shrubs and flowers, and many medicinal plants were cultivated; and fountains of pure water threw up sparkling jets."

Ten large tanks well stocked with fish afforded sport for the lazy angler, and water fowl could here disport the live-long day.

A pavement of tesselated marble inclosed the ample basins, which were overhung by light and fanciful pavilions, admitting the perfumed breezes of the gardens and offering grateful shelter to the monarch and his friends in sultry summer heats.

This was in the reign of Montezuma Second, early in the Sixteenth century. —Harper's Bazar.

Experience.

There is no educator like experience. It is the stepping stone in life's stream, and the man who does not heed its lessons slips into the creek and gets drowned. Yes, experience is an excellent teacher, although it often charges high wages.

Its lessons are always valuable and firmly fixed in the memory—stamped there by the force of circumstances. The little child that gleefully tries to mash a wasp on the window pane under the delusion that he is going to have some fun with a fly never makes that mistake a second time.

All through life we learn a great deal by merely finding out things we don't know.

In the language of the great apostle to the Gentiles, Carl Pretzel, "Oxberience vas bully deacher. Der only trouble mit him vas dot he gives his knowledge out when it vas pooty late."

Very often experience is a physician who never comes until after the disorder is cured. The old and those who have mixed largely with the world comprehend the fact that no education is available that is not practical. These are the men who, when they go to New York, are cold and unsympathetic when the bunco man calls them by their right names and asks for information about the old folks and all the neighbors.

On the other hand, the man whose life has been spent in study is easily taken in, and has to telegraph home for money to pay his hotel bill. When he returns to his quiet study in the romantic little country village, he is the mark for ridicule and the unconscious butt of men who do not possess one tithe of his learning.

There are men who utterly fail to profit by the lessons of experience. For instance, there is a man in Illinois who is living with his ninth wife. The other eight attempts look like experiments that have failed, but from which he has derived no wisdom. To such men experience is like the stern light of a ship, which illuminates only the track it has passed.—Texas Siftings.

A Refrigerator in a Church Tower.

The church and the ale house have been frequently associated by the irreverent, but it remained for the city of London to exhibit an instance of a well known church being actually occupied by the kitchen servitors of a restaurant. One of the church wardens of this church recently ascended the tower and discovered that the cooks of a neighboring eating house—the kitchen being situated at the top of the building—had made an entrance into the tower and utilized it as a storehouse. No doubt it was a cool and safe chamber; but it is scarcely necessary to add that the legs of mutton, Camembert cheese, and the other dainties were handled forth without any ceremony and measures adopted to protect the sacred edifice from such worldly intrusion in the future.—London Press.

Gameness Indicated by Color.

Many people might smile if I said that a horse's color was an index to his gameness, but such is the case, as I have found from experience, says a veterinary surgeon. I have closely noted this fact and have had an opportunity to judge, having performed thousands of operations on horses, some of them sufficiently painful to test the gameness of the subject. I have found that the most arrant cowards among horses are sorrels and the gamest brutes bays or browns. Some time ago I performed an operation on a pair of chestnut sorrels and they groaned like human beings. A bay or brown will usually suffer without a noise of any kind, just rolling its big eyes in an appealing way which is almost human in its intensity. Gray and white horses, as a rule, are not particularly game.

Whatever the number of a man's friends, there will be times in his life when he has one too few; but if he has only one enemy, he is lucky indeed if he [illegible] easy.—Bulwer Lytton.

PLUNKETT ON MARRYING.

THE OLD MAN TELLS WHAT HE THINKS ABOUT MARRIAGE.

A Budget of Good Advice Given in a Homely Way—The Little Things from Which Serious Troubles Grow—Seeing with Young and Old Eyes.

"Hard times or good times marrying goes on," said Plunkett, as he reached for Brown's tobacco.

"They married in war times and parted in an hour, and before the tears of the young bride were dry from the parting the veils of the widow took their place; but marrying went on, and the Confederate government would give er fellow er furlough to go home and marry when he couldn't get home no other way.

HIS OWN EXPERIENCE.

"Young folks will marry and there's no use in talking to 'em. They won't take nobody's word erbout this matter, they are never satisfied till they try it and then they haint satisfied after they try and they wouldn't erbin satisfied if they hadn't er tried, and so it goes, its natur to think you'd er done better to have done something that you didn't do and whatever you do you're sorry you done it.

"Every time me and my old 'oman has er quarrel she swears that she could er married 280 fellows that's er heap better than me and I'm keen to swear that there wasn't that many unmarried fellows in the whole of Pike in her raising, but you see don't talk to er woman when she gets mad with her old man, for it's natur for 'em to think they could er married any fellow they wanted and they're mighty apt to not mention any fellow in this connection but what has got to the legislature or done some other big thing—that is when they're mad.

"Folks that marry do well (sometimes), but folks that don't marry do er darned sight better—sometimes. But it's my honest notion that no man ever got worsted by marrying. The wimin are the ones who suffer, if there's any suffering. Er man that don't do well by marrying wouldn't have done well no how, and any man can do well if he's got er good wife and will make the right start. There's more in the first year of married life than in any ten years arter that. The big thing is to think. Set down on or log erway out in the woods and study. Study your own character and your wife's character and her kin folk's character and end it up by swearing, right out there by yourself and the log, that you will go to er home of your own if it's er rail pen covered with wheat straw, and that you won't deceive your wife in nothing as you hope for her to not deceive you.

"The first few months of married life is mighty nice, very nice, and any fool in Georgia can have er good time then. But this marrying business ain't for er few months; it's for life. The pet words like my little petsy, sugar, apple dumpling, sorghum hasses and sich have to give way to sich as 'I'm not able to get you er fine pair er shoes, or dress, or hat; I've not got the money.' Er few weeks before I was married my sweetheart cut her eyes at me in admiration, and I know she thought I was the biggest fellow in Pike; but I come up to the house suddenly er few months arter I was married, and she was singing, and I stopped and listened and I caught these words:

"That now he's too small for er family man

"That was enough of that song. I cleared up my throat and here she come and took on over me, but I couldn't understand what she was using sich words as the ones in the song for, and I wasn't little cold, just er little, but she noticed it, and I have realized since that big streams from little fountains flow, etc. Never have the first quarrel. I don't see why everybody don't think of this

AFTER THE HONEYMOON.

"Arter the honeymoon comes er season of a more substantial love. The love songs of the young days greet your ear as you approach the house.

"And then you've got to take the baby on your lap and pet it till the wife fixes the supper, and you're darned glad when it gets fixed, sometimes. One's enough, you think—you both think but never mind, the day will come when that plump young mother will have er lot of 'em swinging onto her skirts, and it's all right, it's natur, and you wouldn't be satisfied without 'em, and children never kept folks from doing well any more than marrying did.

"I've seed Brown's wife with seven erround her hollering and following her wherever she would go, with one laying on er pallet in the middle of the kitchen kicking up its heels and crowing till the hound pup would grab the piece of fat meat from its hands and set it to hollowing too, and I wouldn't er been in their place for all they had, I thought; but another stage has come, and now I look upon the same children, fine men and wimin, and as the old folks go down the hill, at every rough place stands one of these, who reach out their hands and jump them over, and I would give the world to be like 'em.

"We never know what is best, and we are more than apt to be dissatisfied with whatever is, but the start that young folks make in their early married life has er heap to do with their future. Men should keep on courting their wives and wives should pet their husbands. Little hugs and kisses between man and wife is like sweet things among children—they won't let on but they like it, and if er young couple will go off in er home of their own, never let the third party come into their affairs, spend one hundredth part of the exertion to please each other as in their courting days, they will be happy, money or no money, children or no children—but it's best to have er few," —Sarge in Atlanta Constitution.

. ne muscles of the human jaw produce a power equal to 134 pounds. This is only what science tells us, but we know the jaw of some of our lawyers is equal to a good many thousand pounds a year to them.

WHAT WAS BISHOP'S POWER?

Claims That It Was Muscles Instead of Minds That He Read.

Was Washington Irving Bishop really a mind reader, as he claimed to be, or was he a mere trickster? Here is a question that is being asked and asked again without receiving a satisfactory answer. Drs. Janeway and Spitzka were confronted with it by a Press reporter yesterday. This is how the former replied:

"There is no such power as mind reading possessed by any man. The successful performance of Bishop's tricks was due to his extraordinary will power, which, when exercised over a man of weaker mind, caused his subject to do almost anything that Bishop wished.

"His bank note trick was undoubtedly muscle reading, or, rather, muscle following, pure and simple. When he took his subject's hand in his to write down the number of a bank note he followed the line of least resistance in a subject who was simply passive, and the line of greater resistance in one who was on the alert to defeat his plans. This was palpable by his method of operation.

"After writing the numbers once he would go over them again, sometimes backward, and often erase and change the figures until he was convinced by the involuntary action of the muscles of his subject that the figures, as inscribed on the blackboard, were correct."

Dr. Spitzka met the reporter's question in this way: "There is nothing Bishop ever did in public which had not been done before, and a great deal better, by Stuart Cumberland, the English mind reader—so called. The apparently inexplicable phenomena of mind reading has been written about and explained time and time again. It is nothing more nor less than following the unconscious vibrations of the nerves, and I know of no better way to illustrate what I mean than to quote the old lecture room explanation.

"To explain this subject to medical students a drum head, made to revolve on wheels by turning a crank, was used. Over the surface of the drum head lampblack was lightly sprinkled, and a needle was arranged above the drum head just high enough so that its point came in contact with the lampblack. The person selected for a subject was required to turn the crank and at the same time peruse a book.

"The person so engaged was supposed to concentrate his entire attention on the book, the act of turning the crank being purely automatic. This was necessary to insure the success of the experiment.

"As the person turned the crank it was possible to ascertain by the little concentric curves described by the needle on the lampblack whether he was interested in what he was reading or whether he was bored, and to just what degree he was interested or bored. The involuntary tremors of the nerves acting upon the muscles left their tell tale marks on the lampblack.

"This is the foundation of what is popularly known as mind reading, but which is nothing more nor less than the following of the involuntary movements of the muscles by an extremely sensitive person. Bishop was above all things a close observer and a superlatively sensitive man." New York Press.

Civil Service Examinations.

Different is this from all other school rooms in the intensity of application displayed by the pupils. There is not a whisper, nor a shuffle of a foot, not a cough or any other sound. Heads are bent over desks in a most studious way. The yearning, anxious expression everywhere seen is almost painful to behold. The near sighted girl in her earnestness fairly blots her paper with her nose, while the colored man who sits next to her wrestles with an arithmetic problem till the perspiration pours off his face and he mops himself in obvious distress. A large majority of the candidates are of the shabby genteel order. On every side poverty and pride may be seen hand in hand. These pupils are struggling for prizes which mean more to them than diploma, medal or scholarship to the conventional student—prizes which mean bread and butter, life itself. And how hard some of them do work! Over there in the corner sits a little woman who, the chief examiner says, married a worthless fellow who ran away and left her to support herself and three little children. It is now nearly 6 o'clock in the evening, and from 9 in the morning the little woman has sat in her chair, almost motionless, eyes riveted upon her paper, thinking of nothing in the world, perhaps, but her children and the work before her. It does not look like a tragedy, but it may be one to her. This is the climax, for if at the stroke of 6 she shall not successfully have completed her task, she alone will know how to measure the disappointment.—Washington Letter.

Effect of Creosote Upon Chimneys.

Attention has lately been called to the peculiarly corrosive and consequently destructive effect of the creosote of wood soot upon chimneys, owing to the fact that creosote thus formed from the slow combustion of wood contains so large a proportion of pyroligneous vinegar or crude acetic acid; this acid being formed in large quantities when the combustion of wood is slow, many quarts, in fact, being condensed in cold weather where a large wood fire is very much checked, only a few hours being required for such condensation. The acid in question dissolves lime readily, carrying it away in solution, and in this manner the mortar is frequently entirely removed from the tops of chimneys in the country, now ones suffering the same way as the old, instances being numerous where the top courses of brick in chimneys only two years old have become entirely without support other than that afforded by the sand with which the lime was mixed.—Chicago Times.

"I have seen a great deal of what they call faith cure," said a New York dentist, "but I have yet to hear of a person who succeeded in curing the jumping toothache in any such fashion." Few people can get up enough faith for that.

PATENT LEATHER FRAUDS.

HOW THE DUDE IS SOMETIMES DECEIVED IN HIS FOOT GEAR.

Shoes Which Are Made of the Material Called Patent Leather Not Always What They Seem—The Way the Genuine Article Is Made.

Going down on a Broadway car the other day was a fashionable young man, wearing patent leather shoes. It was during one of the brief, cool spells of weather.

Seating himself in one corner of the car, he proceeded apparently to warm his feet by rubbing them together. While this may have been all right for the feet, it seemed rather hard on the patent leather, as the heel of one shoe was continuously rubbing and scratching the vamp of the other. With such usage the pair of shoes will wear about four weeks, when they will begin to crack. Mr. Dudelet will return them to the retailer, who, in turn, will return them to the manufacturer.

MAKING PATENT CALF.

A shoe manufacturer who was spoken to by a News reporter told the story of a retailer who had ordered a lot of patent leather shoes which were made and shipped to him. Upon receiving the shoes he wrote to the manufacturer asking him to warrant the shoes not to crack. The only reply the manufacturer could make was that if the retailer would warrant the usage of the shoe he could then warrant the leather. This the retailer declined doing, and so the shoes came back.

Now in order to know why the manufacturer could not warrant the shoe let us learn something of the property of patent leather. There is quite a difference between patent leather and patent calf. Very little patent calf is now made in this country for the reason that the country does not grow calfskins suitable for its tannage. To make a good patent calf a skin of peculiar qualities is required. These qualities are usually found in small skins. The fiber must be fine and the skin not too heavy. There must be no sores or cuts in the skin; the shoulder not too light nor the head heavy. When tanned and before the japan is applied the skin is stretched so as to take from it as much as possible all tendency to expand.

In patent calf there may be said to be two bodies, the calfskin and the japan. The japan is not so elastic as the calfskin, and if the calfskin should stretch a half inch the japan would only stretch say a quarter inch or less, and its body drawn apart just that much. It is for this reason that calfskins are stretched as much as possible; otherwise the shoe would be sure to crack with the most careful wearing if not in the lasting.

The japan is applied to the flesh side of the skin, and if there be any imperfection in the skin it will show in the roughness of the japan when finished. The quality of the japan is known by its jet blackness and brilliancy. If it is dull and bluish it will have a tendency to peel, blister or crack in proportion to the dullness and bluishness. Japan has a tendency to expand or contract from heat or cold, so extremes must be avoided, or the japan will crack when one goes from a heated room to a cold one. The warm foot being in contact with the calf tends to keep that part of the leather warm, while the cold air strikes the japan, which has no protection.

WHERE IT COMES FROM.

In cutting patent leather the cutter first examines the japan side for any imperfections. Turning the skin over the quality is judged from the grain side. Patent leather is always cut japan side downward. Care must be taken to avoid the "hips" and coarse parts of the skin and skirts. On the japan side the cutter looks for what he terms "measles." These are fine blisters sometimes no bigger than pin heads. Occasionally a hair from the japanner's brush has become embodied in the japan.

The greater part and the best of the patent leather imported into this country from abroad comes from Worms, on the German Rhine. There patent calf has been prepared for generations and the workers have attained such skill in its manufacture that the French, with all their ingenuity, have not been able to reach the same degree of perfection. One factory alone there employs over 3,000 men.

Common patent leather is really an imitation of the patent calf, which was the only article formerly sold under the name of "patent" leather.

As patent calf costs much more than patent leather the retailer may know that when a shoe is offered him at a very close figure there is danger that, though the surface be the brightest of japan, the body may be of the dry grain leather, which forms the basis of ordinary patent leather.

When made up in the shoe patent leather cannot be distinguished in appearance from patent calf, unless one be an expert. An importer of patent calf, or other person who is conversant with the peculiarities of patent calf, can tell its quality the minute he looks at a shoe.

No rule can be laid down to judge of patent calf or patent leather when in a shoe. It is one of the things only to be acquired by experience. Just as the diamond expert or jeweler can tell the quality and value of his goods at a glance, so can the expert in patent leather tell the value of his.

In this matter of using patent leather in place of patent calf the retailer is at the mercy, or rather the honesty, of the manufacturers.—New York News.

The most agreeable of all companions is a simple, frank man, without any high pretentions to an oppressive greatness. One who loves life and understands the use of it; obliging alike at all hours; above all, of a golden temper, and steadfast as an anchor. For such a one we gladly exchange the greatest genius, the most brilliant wit, the profoundest thinker.

How a Hero Saved the Day.

The Duke of Wellington was once asked who, in his opinion, was the greatest man at Waterloo. "I can't tell you that," he said, "but I can tell you of one than whom there was no braver." The following is the story put in the mouth of the writer:

"There was a private in the artillery. A farm house, with an orchard surrounded by a thick hedge, formed a most important point in the British position, and was ordered to be held against the enemy at any sacrifice. The hottest of the battle raged around this point, but the English behaved well and beat back the French again and again.

"At last the powder and ball were found to be running short; at the same time the hedges surrounding the orchard took fire. In the meantime a message had been sent to the rear for more powder and ball, and in a short time two loaded wagons came galloping down to the farm house, the gallant leaders of which were keeping up a steady fire through the flames which surrounded the post. The driver of the first wagon spurred his struggling horses through the burning heap; but the flames blew fiercely round and caught the powder, which exploded, sending the horses and wagon in fragments into the air. For one instant the driver of the second wagon paused, appalled by his comrade's fate; the next, observing that the flames beaten back for a moment by the explosion afforded him one desperate chance, he sent his horses at the smouldering breach, and, amid the cheers of the garrison, landed his cargo safe within. Behind him the flames closed up and raged more fiercely than ever. This private never lived to receive the reward which his act merited, but later in the engagement he was killed, along with the consciousness that he had saved the day."—Reminiscences.

Some West Point Figures.

From 1838 to 1887 inclusive 6,699 young men have been appointed to West Point. The following table shows how many have been rejected, how many admitted and the number graduated:

Rejected for deficiency in

Reading	185	By academic board	195
Writing	502	By medical board	11
Spelling	597	Appointments declined	8
Arithmetic	788	Declined appointments	8
Grammar	569	Absentees	2
Geography	1891	Admitted	4,464
History	388	Graduated	2,675

The buildings in use at the academy are mostly new. None date back beyond 1837, when the chapel was built. The academic building where the recitations take place is defective, and an appropriation has been made by congress to build another at a cost of $700,000. In the basement of this building is the gymnasium and the trophy room. In the latter are kept models of guns, gun carriages, shot and shell, battle flags, and indeed all manner of curiosity in a military line. At present the most attractive thing about the academy is the gymnasium, which is more than any respectable educational institution, but congress has taken no notice of the fact and granted $80,000 for a new one. The chapel is not an imposing building without, but within it is beautifully arranged. On the right are tablets giving the names of all the major generals and brigadier generals of the Revolutionary war, with date of birth and death. On the left are tablets giving those in the case of prominent officers of the Mexican war. The cadets occupy the center seats; the families of officers stationed at the post use the sides and the choir is composed of cadets.—West Point Letter.

The Japanese.

In listening to a recent lecture on Japan and the customs of the country, one of the audience was heard to remark that he did not see why we should not ask them to send us a few missionaries and see if they could not improve our manners a little, and also our morals. Their religion may need looking after, but they are said to be extremely kind and gentle with their horses and dumb animals, which certainly could not be said of Americans of the present day, or the society with the extended application would not be kept so busy.

The Japanese are exceedingly polite and have a great respect for the aged of all classes. Children of the higher families are sent to school in plain clothes that the poorer ones may not feel the difference. The stores in Japan are not locked, neither are the houses, which shows them to be honest. A man may leave his fruit stand and go about town and make a few calls, and go back to the place of business, knowing that everything is just as he left it. Or should his customers wish to purchase his wares they make their own change from the small pieces of money that the proprietor has left in sight in case of such an occurrence. On the whole, it seems that they are far ahead of us in many things.—Boston Traveler

Baking Powders.

Professor Mallett, of the University of Virginia, has concluded a very laborious and careful examination of baking powders, which he reports in The Chemical News. The greater part of the so-called powders are made from alum, the acid phosphate of calcium, bicarbonate of sodium and starch. He finds the effect of these not injurious to gastric digestion; that no only alum itself, but the residue which its use leaves in the bread, are far from harmless and should be avoided. The question has long been mooted and both sides defended, but Professor Mallett gives us a long, extended and thoroughly scientific and unbiased investigation.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

In the Briny Deep.

Simeon Easy, after living sixty years on a farm, finds his quarters on ship board somewhat cramped. He overcomes the lack of space, however, by stowing his trousers and shoes into a round cupboard in the side of the vessel on going to bed. 7 a. m.—Startling disclosures. "Steward, las' night I put my clothes in that 'ar cubby hole, an' they hain't there now." "That ain't a clothes press; that's a port hole, sir."—San Francisco Argonaut.

A Duty to Yourself.

It is surprising that people will use a common ordinary pill when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr. Acker's English pills are a positive cure for sick-headache and all liver troubles. They are small, sweet, easily taken and do not gripe. Sold by H. C. Heberman & Co.

As an exchange says, there ought to be a law whereby you could put some people under bonds to keep away from you

The Rochester Post-Express says it is considered a pretty serious charge to bring against a woman to say that she means all she says.

Loose's Red Clover Pills Cure Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, 25c per Box, 5 Boxes for $1. Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist.

A Pittsburgher says that in the natural course of events the green apple and green melon and the small boy will soon come into collision.

Caution to Mothers.

Every mother is cautioned against giving her child laudanum or paregoric; it creates an unnatural craving for stimulants which kills the mind or the child. Acker's Baby Soother is specially prepared to benefit children and cure their pains. It is harmless and contains no Opium or Morphine. Sold by H. C. Heberman & Co.

The Atchison Globe finds it is hard to tell which is the easiest—to go forward at a revival or backward when the revival is over.

An Indiana paper advises that if you have nothing else to do, see how rapidly you can say "Soup soothes theosophists thoroughly."

Loose's Red Clover Pile Remedy,

is a positive specific for all forms of the disease. Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated, and Protruding Piles.—Price 50c.

Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist.

The Hotel Mail thinks we have no reason to think that Adam was selfish simply because in early life he only looked out for No. 1.

Is Life Worth Living?

Not if you go through the world a dyspeptic. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. Guaranteed and sold by H. C. Heberman & Co.

Yonkers Statesman says when waterspouts come up from the south they invariably go down in the north.

According to the Burlington Free Press every man is "chanting for a girl" until he is married. Then he takes a rest and his wife begins.

Dr. E. Mercer, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., who is now a resident of Marion, will visit every town in this county. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes diseased, or inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the postoffice will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examination or testing of eyes at your home. On Saturday next Dr. Mercer can be found at the Harding House. No. 95 Silver Street.

A Georgia paper says the reason that so many people marry is because the wife wants a home and the husband wants a servant.

The Binghamton Republican says it is the girl with the creamy complexion that is soonest taken for butter or worse.

Pimples on the Face

Denote an impure state of the blood and are looked upon by many with suspicion. Acker's Blood Elixir will remove all impurities and leave the complexion smooth and clear. There is nothing that will so thoroughly build up the constitution, purify and strengthen the whole system. Sold and guaranteed by H. C. H. Heberman & Co.

We are told that many people are like the cat—they have to eat their cherries before they are ripe in order to get them.

Are You Skeptical?

If so we will convince you that Acker's English is made for the lungs is superior to all other preparations, and is a positive cure for all Throat and Lung troubles, Croup, Whooping Cough and Colds. We guarantee the preparation. Sold by H. C. Heberman & Co.

A Nebraska fellow argues that a full-grown man playing croquet looks about as dignified as a monarch chasing a hen.

Local Time Card.

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains at and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest changes.

ERIE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	10:50 a. m.	No. 12	4:30 a. m.
No. 37	9:30 a. m.	No. 4	12:45 p. m.
No. 5	12:31 p. m.	No. 38	2:40 p. m.
No. 3	11:40 p. m.	No. 8	6:10 p. m.

BELTLINE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	4:24 a. m.	No. 8	3:25 a. m.
No. 3	10:23 a. m.	No. 10	8:43 a. m.
No. 5	3:09 p. m.	No. 2	2:27 p. m.
No. 9	11:55 p. m.	No. 6	10:40 p. m.
Local	9:40 a. m.	Local	2:27 p. m.

C., H. V. AND T.

NORTH		SOUTH.	
No. 1	12:40 p. m.	No. 2	8:00 a. m.
No. 3	8:45 a. m.	No. 4	1:33 p. m.
No. 5	5:30 p. m.	No. 6	8:35 p. m.

C. AND A.

WEST		EAST.	
No. 1	8:00 a. m.	No. 8	5:55 p. m.
No. 5	12:15 p. m.	No. 10	7:30 p. m.
No. 3	11:20 p. m.	No. 12	4:40 a. m.
No. 15	3:15 p. m.	No. 18	11:30 a. m.

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Gives All of the Latest and Best Telegraphic News; also All the Home and Neighborhood Happenings.

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Spring Disor[illegible]ers

Shattered nerves, tired brain, impure blood, debilitated system, all are the natural outcome in the Spring. A medicine must be used, and nothing equals Paine's Celery Compound. We let others praise us—you cannot help believing a disinterested party

Brigadier-General W. L. Greenleaf, Burlington, Vt., writes: "I have used Paine's Celery Compound on several occasions, and always with benefit. Last Spring, being very much run down and debilitated, I commenced using it. Two bottles made me feel like a new man. It is a general tonic and spring medicine I do not know of its equal."

"I h[illegible] Celery [illegible] kinds

Two bottles of your Paine's Celery [illegible] and it has given entire satisfaction. I [illegible] appetizer and blood purifier." GEO. S. [illegible], Watertown, Dakota.

Ce[illegible]ine's [illegible] Compound

[illegible] is prescribed by druggists, recommended by physicians, praised by users, manufactured by the manufacturers, in fact the whole world will do all that is claimed for Celery [illegible] Spring, and see how you [illegible]

Full Paine and [illegible]

[illegible]ies the Blood.

[illegible] of wonderful cures made by Compound after other medicines and Cures had failed sent free. [illegible]

[illegible] $5.00. Druggists.

[illegible]anson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Color Anything any Color. [illegible] Dyes, Diamond IT IS EASY TO DYE! [illegible] 50 Colors. [illegible] Druggists.

$1,000 R[illegible]ward!

FOR EVERY C[illegible]

Nasal or Post N[illegible]l Catarrh

—THAT—

DR. LIVING[illegible]ON'S

POSITIVE CURE FO[illegible] CATARRH

FAILS TO C[illegible]

Every bottle is guaranteed or money refund[illegible] our rules and instructions are carried out in full. The only catarrh medicine [illegible]t, and the only Company that gives you this chance. This is to show the public [illegible] do not come before the people with a worthless nostrum, but one of merit. Do [illegible] your druggist sell you a bottle unless it has our guarantee on same. For sale b[illegible] drug trade. Price, $1.00 Per Bottle. If your druggist does not have it, sen[illegible] and we will pay express charges.

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Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Your Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefited. Gems and testimonials by Correspondence Classes. Prospectus, with opinions of Hon. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, Dashiell Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the Christian Advocate, N.Y., Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

HOXSIE'S DISKS

The greatest of all pocket remedies for hoarseness, loss of voice, Bronchitis, Asthma, and tickling cough. 25 cents.

Awke, Ladies! Awake!!

Why Tail Forever?

BELL'S SOIPONA

Does our work itself, or neither [illegible] the hands or the fabric. [illegible] LESS

soapona

TRY it, then. It cleans like magic. WILL SAVE YOU VERY MANY WEARY HOURS of TOIL AND WORRY.

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BELL'S BUFFALO SOAP—best made.

R. W. Bell Mfg. Co.

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RED CLOVER BLOSSOM

THE GREAT Blood Purifier.

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Price, $1 per Flat Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $5. $10.00 in Solid Extract $2.50

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For sale by W. B. Foye.

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DISEASES OF MEN ONLY

Fast Decline of Kidneys, Bladder and other Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood restored. Youth [illegible] speedily and permanently [illegible] and Treatise (sealed) free, by mail [illegible] CHEMICAL CO., 171 W. 14th St., New York.

"I WAS WRONG."

A Sad Episode Illustrating the Sorrow Such Words Often Prevent.

One morning in Wilkesbarre there was a great colliery explosion. Hundreds of Cornish miners were killed and their corpses lay at the mouth of the coal mine for recognition.

Sitting at the mouth, by a pale corpse, was a young wife. She looked at her husband, but uttered no cry; her eyes were dry. She rocked herself to and fro, her face white with anguish.

"Oh, that I had spoke fair to him at the end!" she moaned. "Oh, that he would come to life one minute, that I could say, 'Jimmy, forgive me,' but nothing will help me now. Oh, I could bear it all if I had only spoke fair to him at the end. Oh, Jimmy!"

And then, at last, the story came. They had been married a year—she and Jim—and they both "had tempers," but Jim was always the first to make up. And this very morning they had had trouble.

It began because breakfast wasn't ready, and the fire wouldn't burn; and they said hard words, both of them. But at the very last, though breakfast had not been fit to eat, Jim had turned round at the door and said:

"Gi'e me a kiss, lass. You know you love me, and we won't part in ill blood."

"No, Jimmy, I don't love you," I said, petulantly.

"Gi'e me one kiss, lass," pleaded Jimmy.

"No, not one! and now"—and then the tears rushed to her eyes.

With awful sobs she flung her arms around the corpse.

"Darling Jimmy! Darling Jimmy, speak to me now," she mourned. "Say you forgive me!"

"Do not grieve so hopelessly," I said; "perhaps Jimmy knows what you feel now."

But the mourner's ears were deaf to all comfort, and the wailing cry came again.

"Oh, if I had only spoke to him fair at the last!"

It is not an uncommon story this. We quarrel with those we love, and part and meet and make up again; and death is merciful and waits till we are at peace. Yet how possible is just such an experience to any one of us, who parts with some dear one in anger, or who lets the sun go down upon their wrath! But it is always the noblest nature, the most loyal heart, which is the first to cry:

"I was wrong; forgive me."—Unidentified.

A Thief Can Hiss Villainy.

A Pinkerton detective who tracked an embezzler to the play says: "A melodrama was the attraction, and it was in the middle of the first act that I came in. I did not want to raise a disturbance, so I took a seat behind my man and prepared to wait until the end of the performance. The scenes in the play were strong, the villain being unusually diabolical and the hero and heroine noble and patient. Frequently the latter found occasion to express their abhorrence and condemnation of thieves and those who violate confidence reposed in them, and quite as frequently the villain scoffed at sentiments of virtue and honesty. I found my man hissing violently at the villain every time he got a chance, and neatly splitting his hands in frantic applause for the hero and heroine. Tears came in his eyes when the latter were suffering, and he could hardly restrain his fierce anger at the villain. Yet after the play he took his arrest coolly and confessed without a wink. When he was arraigned in the police court the next day he swore point blank that he had never stolen a cent, and called me a liar when I testified to his confession. I have met such cases frequently. When there is no self interest at stake many criminals are virtuous, but that is as far as their sentiment goes."—New York Sun.

Ancient Mexican Customs.

A writer upon ways and customs in Mexico states that the wealthier chiefs among that ancient people were accustomed to the protection of a cuirass made of thin plates of gold or silver, and over this was thrown a "sun coat" of richest feather work.

Their helmets were also marvels of curious workmanship, fashioned of wood in resemblance of the heads of wild animals, or of more lavish expenditure of silver, on the top of which waved a bunch of variegated plumes, sprinkled with precious stones and ornaments of gold. These famous warriors indulged, as well, in fancy collars, earrings and bracelets, and bore with them banners of gayest hue; in all of these singularly devised adornments, feathers of the richest and rarest held prominent place.—Exchange.

Foot Notes a Nuisance.

A writer in the London St. James Gazette objects strongly to the use of foot notes in books, and particularly criticises Mr. Bryce's recent work on this account. He says: "Except for the purpose of relieving the text of references, the foot note has no proper place in any book that deserves to be called a book. It is at best a kind of purgatorio, to which an author consigns such remarks as he thinks unworthy of admitting to full honors, and yet has not the courage to cast out altogether. But there is hardly a page of Mr. Bryce's book without foot notes, and hardly a foot note which might not well have been incorporated in the text. Often, indeed, the foot note contains the very 'plum' of the page."

Half a Crown of Glory.

In an English Sunday school the lady teacher was impressing upon her pupils the necessity of being entirely devoted to God. "It won't do, my dear boys," she said "to be half hearted in this service. There is a crown of glory laid up for every one who is good all the time; but do you suppose there is anything for a boy who is good only half the time?" There was an oratorical pause for a moment, and then a big shock headed boy drawled out: "It do seem to me, missus, that theem as is good 'arf the time, ought to get 'arf a crown, at least."—Letter.

EXTRAVAGANT RAJAHS.

LIVE AS GRANDLY AS DID THE KINGS OF NORTHERN INDIA.

Fabulous Palaces and Sleepy Servants—They Surround[illegible]s as Large as Hickory [illegible] Sample City in the Heart of [illegible] Shrewd Merchant.

[illegible]veler who would see India as it [illegible] out of the regular line and [illegible] native states. There is in [illegible] territory nearly one-fifth the [illegible] United States and containing [illegible] of more than fifty-six million[illegible] governed by rajahs. These [illegible] power of life and death. [illegible] fortunes of their own, levy [illegible] please and organize their [illegible] regulations on a different basis [illegible] English portion of India. They are subject in a certain sense to the English, for most of them have English officers connected with their establishments. They are feudatory states to England, and England does not allow them to make war upon each other, nor can they have any relations with foreign states. If a rajah misgoverns his people or oppresses them the viceroy of India reproves him and if he does not come to time secures his removal. These states, however, have none of the new customs of English India. Few foreigners visit them and the people are substantially the same as they were years ago—before the railroad and the English desire for business came in to grind them up in the mortar of modern civilization.

COVER THEMSELVES WITH GEMS.

One-third of the whole territory of India is possessed by such rajahs and their subjects make up one-fifth of the inhabitants. Their united armies amount to 300,000 men and their gross yearly revenues are about $80,000,000.

These rajahs live as grandly as did the kings of northern India in the past, and the English merchants of India cater largely to their wants. Some of the finest jewelry stores in the world are here in India, and under every glass counter you see barbaric jewelry set with diamonds worth a fortune. I saw two rings yesterday, one worth two and the other four thousand dollars. The first was a diamond of about the size of a hickory nut, set around with a cluster of small diamonds as big as peas, and the whole affixed to a finger ring, containing enough gold to make a hunting case for a Waterbury watch. The other was the same size as to the gold, but the central stone was a ruby fully as big as a chestnut, and the diamonds about it were very beautiful. The tops of these rings were as large around as old copper cents, and as I looked at them I asked the jeweler who would wear such gewgaws and unwieldy objects. He replied:

"Oh, we sell these to the rajahs. They want the most extravagant jewelry, and some of them fairly cover themselves with gems."

At another store I was told that a rajah had just been in and given an order for 200 yards of satin at $10 a yard. He wanted that to paper the walls of a room in a new palace and thought nothing of pasting this $2,000 upon the plaster. The sultan of Jahore, when I visited him in his palace at Jahore, had ropes of gold about twice the size of a clothes line about his wrists, and upon his fingers were diamond rings. The fingers of the right hand were covered from the knuckles to the first joints with rings set with diamonds and emeralds so that a diamond alternated with an emerald all over his hand, and the whole made a blazing fist of white and green. On the left hand the fingers were covered with rings in the same manner, save that costly rubies took the place of the emeralds. At Delhi I was shown a dressing gown set with precious stones, which cost $35,000, and which had just been made for a rajah, and here at Jeypore, through the courtesy of one of the most noted rajahs of India, I have had a chance to visit his palace, to get a glimpse of his wonderful stables, to take a ride on one of his court elephants, and to see the life and business of his capital city.

THE CITY OF JEYPORE.

Jeypore is one of the northwest provinces of India. It is a day's ride from Bombay, not far off from the borders of Afghanistan and some distance south of Cashmere and the Himalaya mountains. It has a population about as large as that of Ohio, and its rajah's income amounts to $2,030,000 a year. The capital is the city of Jeypore in which I am writing. It is said to be the finest native city of India, and it is certainly like no other city I have ever seen. It is bigger than Omaha, Denver or Kansas City, and is laid out as regularly as the city of Washington. Its main street is two miles long and 120 feet wide, and this is intersected at right angles by other streets of the same width and the whole is cut by narrow streets into rectangular blocks. The roads are better macadamized than those of any city of the United States. They are as hard as stone and as smooth as a floor.

The houses on the main streets are regularly built, and some rajah of the past laid out the city and made the property holders build after fixed regulations. It is more like a Spanish city than an Indian town. The houses come close to the sidewalks, and they have balconies over them with oriole windows jutting out at the second stories above arcades which run below from house to house; they are almost altogether two story buildings, and the painting of the whole is a delicate pink. Imagine miles of pink houses with lattice work windows, through which you may now and then see the eyes of the high caste Hindoo damsels. Let not brown fingers here and there clasp the lattice work and through a larger hole let here and there an arm peep out. In some of the balconies you see turbaned men and boys sitting dressed in the richest of garments and beside them Hindoo maidens, their faces covered with shawls and their eyes peeping out through the cracks.—Frank G. Carpenter.

An Elegant Opportunity.

The late Drs. Gage and Burton, of Hartford, were both genial and fun loving clergymen, and when the two met there was always a delightful passage of wit, as the following anecdote illustrates: One of Dr. Gage's lectures had proved to be less attractive than the others, and on its second repetition it had become a "chestnut" and did not "draw;" many left. When Dr. Gage was relating to Dr. Burton his experience with a burglar he said: "Why, doctor, I had him down flat on his back—I held him there—he couldn't move an inch!" "What a splendid opportunity," retorted Dr. Burton, "that was, Gage, to have delivered to him your lecture on Palestine."—Boston Journal.

She Owned the Earth.

She held up her hand to the conductor to stop the car, but he was in no hurry about it and waited until it reached the crossing.

"Didn't I signal you to stop the car back there?" she demanded.

"You did, madam."

"Then why didn't you stop it?"

"Against orders, ma'am; we stop only at crossings."

"Who gave those orders?"

"The manager."

"Is the manager on the car?"

"No, ma'am."

"And I can't see him?"

"Not unless you go to the office."

"Very well. I withdraw my patronage from this line. Just inform the manager of this fact, will you, and suggest that he call and apologize. The car can now proceed."

And the car, strange to relate, did proceed.—Detroit Free Press.

A Freckle Prescription.

Irate Young Lady—I paid you $25 for your much vaunted prescription for freckles, and I am as freckled as ever!

Quack Doctor—You remember I told you that you must wash your face with stump water—that is, water that had been standing in an old stump.

Irate Young Lady—I followed your directions exactly, went to the country, hunted up an old stump with water in it, and washed there, and here I am, a perfect fright!

Quack Doctor—My dear young lady, the water took off your freckles, but I suppose the stump was some distance from the hotel, and you got a fresh lot coming back.—New York Weekly.

A Roundabout Route.

Mrs. Gabb—Where are you going this summer?

Mrs. Gadd (lightly)—Oh, to Newport, Saratoga, and I don't know where all. We will make the rounds, I suppose. Haven't decided yet just when we will start, but I'll let you know, my dear.

Mrs. Gabb (meaningly)—Oh, I'll be sure to hear of it when you leave, because my cousin John is the railroad ticket agent here.

Mrs. Gadd (hastily)—Our first journey, however, will be to my dear aunt's farm, near Squashville, and I do hope she won't insist on keeping us all summer, as she did last year.—New York Weekly.

The Course of Justice.

I.

II.

—Life.

Not So Bad.

"I want you," said a detective to a stranger he had been shadowing around town for an hour.

"Am I arrested?"

"You are."

"And got to be locked up?"

"Yes."

"Well, go ahead. I knew it would come sooner or later, and I'm glad it's off my mind. Yes, I stole Charlie Ross."

"Oh, you did," replied the detective. "If that's all I'll let you go. I suspected you of stealing an overcoat."—Detroit Free Press.

A Trifling Discouraging.

Mrs. Goodheart (proud and elegantly dressed, but moved to do humble deeds of goodness)—Will you please ask your mistress if she has anything for the heathen to-day?

Colored Servant—I's authorized to speak for de household. We's got nuthin' for yuh.—Burlington Free Press.

A Demoralizing Profession.

Miss de Stang—There's one time when you naval men must feel horribly humiliated and degraded.

Lieut. Darrell—I'd like to know what you mean.

Miss de Stang—Why, I mean when you have to associate with those common trade winds.—Judge.

It Wasn't a Potato.

Bicycler (soliloquizing)—That looks like a potato. I will ride over it and cut it in two.

Same Bicycler a moment later (still soliloquizing, but in a muffled voice)—Geo-whiz! Ow! Wow! Where am I?—Chicago Tribune.

Lenient Lawyer.

Lawyer—As I lost the case I will charge you but a nominal fee.

Client—The nominal that is, I must say.—Town Topics.

The Summer Parasol.

They strolled along the beach one day
Beside the silver sea,
And watched the merry wavelets play:
Oh! beautiful was she!

The dawn's rich glow was in her face,
The dew drop in her eye,
The willow in her supple grace,
The zephyr in her sigh.

The perfume of the silken hair,
Which almost brushed his cheek,
So thrilled him, as they wandered there,
He could not help but speak.

"I love you, worship you," said he;
"The words I speak are true."
Then, blushing redly, answered she
"If so, then I love you."

"Then give me just one kiss," said he,
Now bursting all control.
"Well, you may take just one," said she,
"Beneath my parasol."

—Boston Courier.

Advice to Everybody

who has a diseased Liver is to at once take prompt means to cure it. The function the Liver is designed to perform, and on the regular execution of which depends not only the general health of the body, but the powers of the Stomach, Bowels, Brain, and the whole nervous system, shows its vast and vital importance to human health.

NO HUMAN BEING

should run the risk for a single day of neglecting this important organ, but should promptly get a box of Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, made by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., and use according to directions they will cure you promptly and permanently. Around each box is a wrapper giving full description of the symptoms of a diseased Liver. They can be had of druggists.

Beware of Counterfeits made in St. Louis.

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

IVORY POLISH FOR THE TEETH.

PERFUMES THE BREATH. ASK FOR IT.

LONG LIFE

There is nothing in the world more generally desired than long life, yet the majority of people put off caring for their health—not because they are really careless, but because we live our lives at such a pace we have not time to give the subject sufficient thought until we receive a reminder in the shape of a severe illness.

Then, too, we are constantly bewildered by the various schools of medicine, and the physicians who represent them, and often blunder in our choice of a doctor.

If people only knew that the very best health-keeper, life-preserver, and disease-preventer that has yet been discovered, is simmered down into a concentrated and very palatable form in the shape of New Style Pleasant Taste Vinegar Bitters, they would not hesitate a moment to try it.

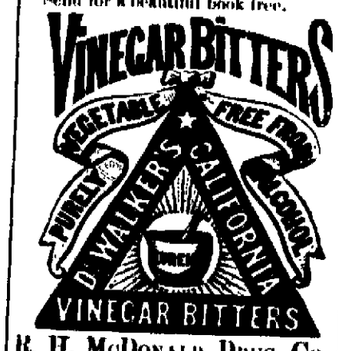
But they do not know. How can they know, when so many not only worthless, but positively injurious drugs are constantly flooding the market under various names guises, that the New Style Vinegar Bitters is as bad as any of them?

They do not know, of course, unless they have the courage to try the New Style. It straightens out a tangled-up system in a very short while, and those who buy it once buy it always.

Why don't you try it, reader? It is sent out by a responsible house, and is exactly as represented. It costs but a dollar for a very large bottle. Try it once and you will never be so glad of anything in your life. Your druggist may not have it, but he will order it for you. Be sure it says New Style Pleasant Taste on carton and bottle before you take it. Try it, and you will feel happier than if you had found a gold mine, for it really is a mine—of health.

Free from alcohol and opium; composed of expensive herbs and roots, with a fine, delicate flavoring.

Send for a beautiful book free.



R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,

Cor. Washington & Charlton Sts.,

NEW YORK CITY.

PROTECTED INDUSTRY

Mother.—Come in out of the snow. You'll get your death of cold from wet feet.

Children.—Mother, our shoes can't get wet; you forget that we have

Wolff's ACME Blacking

on them, and water can't go through.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

The Best Blacking for Men, Women and Children.

MEN ONLY Cure for nervousness, lost manhood, lack of energy, vigor, development, etc. Address, with stamp, BOOK FREE, Mrs. Med. Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

CHICAGO & ATLANTIC RAILWAY

With its Pullman Built Equipment, Substantially Constructed Roadway and Low Rates of Fare, Insures a Safe, Speedy and Economical Journey to All Points East and West. Write to your nearest railway agent for the

Attractive Low Rates

Via this line.

TIME TABLE, Taking Effect June 1, 1889.

EASTWARD.

	No. 2.	No. 16.	No. 12	No. 18
Lv. Chicago	10.00[illegible]	6.45[illegible]	1.30	5.30[illegible]
" Archer Avenue	10.10	6.55	1.40	5.40
" Englewood	10.20	7.05	1.50	5.50
" Hammond	11 00	9.45	3.30	6.40
" Crown Point	.....	10.19	3.59	7.15
" Kouts	.....	11.01	.....	7.59
" North Judson	.....	11.31	[illegible] 9.15	8.28
" Rochester	1.15[illegible]	12.35[illegible]	11.01	.....
" Akron	.....	1.03	[illegible]11.36	No. 10
" Newton	1.51	1.23	11.56	.....
" Bolivar	.....	1.39	.....	5.25[illegible]
" Huntington	2.30	2.05	12.26[illegible]	6.15
" Kingsland	.....	2.19	.....	6.33
" Decatur	3.18	2.50	1.10	6.53
" Enterprise	.....	4.26	1.50	7.40
" Spencerville	.....	4.36	2.11	8.21
" Lima	4.35	5.35	2.30	8.55
" Preston	.....	5.53	.....	9.09
" Kenton	5.00	6.20	3.16	10.38
Ar. Marion	5.55	7.00	3.52	11.30[illegible]
" New York	5.00	.....	7.05	.....
" Boston	10.10	.....	12.46	.....

WESTWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5	No. 17.
Lv. New York	.....	9.00[illegible]	8.30[illegible]	.....
" Boston	.....	8.30	8.00[illegible]	.....
Lv. Marion	8.00[illegible]	11.30	12.55	3.15[illegible]
" Kenton	8 50	12.10[illegible]	1.35	4.30
" Preston	9 12	.....	.....	5.14
" Lima	10.05	1.05	2.19	5.55
" Spencerville	10.24	.....	.....	6.40
" Enterprise	10.45	1.50	3.03	7.26
" Decatur	11 39	2.24	3.30	8.20
" Kingsland	11.58	.....	.....	9.03
" Huntington	1.05[illegible]	3.25	4.35	10.00
" Bolivar	1.42	.....	.....	.....
" Newton	1.57	4.08	4.58	.....
" Akron	2.22	.....	.....	No. 15
" Rochester	2.48	4.45	5.38	.....
" North Judson	3.51	.....	.....	6.30[illegible]
" Kouts	4.25	.....	.....	7.22
" Crown Point	5.10	.....	.....	7.11
" Hammond	6.05	7.25	8.00	7.50
" Englewood	5.39	7.55	8.30	8.30
" Archer Avenue	7.00	8.15	8.50	8.40
Ar. Chicago	7.10	8.25	9.00	8.50

Nos. 8, 12, 16, 3, 5 and 15 daily. Where time is not shown trains do not stop. Nos. 17 and 18 daily except Sunday. * stop on signal. † p.m. a.m.

E. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.

T. W. HORROWS, Superintendent, Chicago.

Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo R'y

TIME CARD.

Taking Effect May 12th, 1889.

(Central Time.)

NORTH BOUND.

River Division.	No. 3, daily except Sunday.	No. 7, 9.15 p.m. ed, daily except Sun
Leave Pomeroy	3.30 p m	5.00 p m
" Gallipolis	4.34 p m	6.45 p m
" McArthur Junct	5.58 p m	9.40 p m

Hocking Valley Division.	No. 1, daily	No. 3, daily
Leave Athens	7.00 a m	3.05 p m
" Logan	8.16 a m	7.20 p m
" Lancaster	8.58 a m	8.06 p m
Arrive Columbus	10.15 a m	9.30 p m

Toledo Division.	No. 1, daily ex. Sund	No. 5, daily.	No. 9, daily
Leave Columbus	10.35 a m	4.00 p m	4.30 p m
" Delaware	11.30 a m	4.56 p m	5.20 p m
" Prospect	11.55 a m	5.18 p m	5.45 p m
" MARION	12.16 p m	5.38 p m	6.06 p m
" Up. Sandusky	1.10 p m	6.30 p m	6.55 p m
" Carey	1.30 p m	6.50 p m	7.15 p m
" Fostoria	2.02 p m	7.22 p m	7.49 p m
Arrive Toledo	3.25 p m	8.40 p m	9.10 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

Toledo Division.	No. 6, daily.	No. 2, daily.	No. 4, daily ex. Sund
Leave Toledo	5.30 p m	5.00 a m	10.25 a m
" Fostoria	6.50 p m	6.30 a m	11.52 a m
" Carey	7.20 p m	6.55 a m	12.20 p m
" Up. Sandusky	7.55 p m	7.30 a m	12.55 p m
" MARION	8.35 p m	8.09 a m	1.32 p m
" Prospect	8.57 p m	8.28 a m	1.54 p m
" Delaware	9.24 p m	8.58 a m	2.20 p m
Arrive Columbus	10.20 p m	9.45 a m	3.15 p m

Hocking Valley Division.	No. 6, daily	No. 4 daily
Leave Columbus	8.00 a m	4.00 p m
" Lancaster	9.05 a m	5.28 p m
" Logan	10.08 a m	6.20 p m
Arrive Athens	11.15 a m	7.30 p m

River Division.	No. 8, daily except Sunday.	No. 10, mixed, daily except Sun
Leave McArthur Junct	12.06 p m	8.30 p m
" Gallipolis	1.41 p m	11.41 p m
Arrive Pomeroy	2.82 p m	1.15 a m

NOTE ON RUNNING OF TRAINS.

Direct connections made in Union Depot at Columbus for Newark, Zanesville, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia; also for Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville and all points South and Southwest.

Close connections at Toledo for Detroit and all points in Michigan and Canada.

H. J. FALKENBACH, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Columbus, Ohio.

G. W. CARR, General Supt.

FAST TRAINS OVER THE ERIE

—FOR—

Buffalo, New York, Boston, Saratoga, Albany and Other Eastern Cities.

The Only Road Running Solid Train to New York.

3 THROUGH TRAINS. 3

—WITH—

Pullman Palace Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Hotel Coaches, Parlor Cars and Elegant Day Coaches.

TIME TABLE ADOPTED June 2, 1889.

Central Time, 88 minutes slower than Columbus Time.

Trains depart from Marion, O., as follows

WESTWARD. DEPART.

No. 1, Cincinnati express	10.50 a.m.
No. 5, Vestibule limited, daily	12.34 p.m.
No. 3, Chi., Cin. & St. Louis Ex., daily	11.20 p.m.
No. 17, Local	9.20 a.m.

EASTWARD. DEPART.

No. 12, New York and Boston Ex., daily	4.30 a.m.
No. 4, Cincinnati express	12.45 p.m.
No. 6, Vestibule limited, daily	6.20 p.m.
No. 20, Local	3.00 p.m.

Pullman Palace Coaches on all through trains

F. H. THOMAS, General Vice President.

L. P. FARMER, G. P. A., New York City.

W. C. KINNEAR, A. G. P. A., Cleveland.

W. W. DONNAVANT, Dis. Pas. Agt., Warren, O.

I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease.

G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.

We have used Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction.

D. E. PYCHER & SON, Chemists.

Sold by Druggists.

COAL!

L. B. GURLEY, dealer in all kinds of Coal. TO SAVE MONEY buy your winter supply now. Office N. of Jail.

O. W. JOHNSTON & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

AND BROKERS.

OFFICE OVER MARION CO. BANK.

FOR SALE—One good house and lot, with well and cistern; house of six rooms, just opposite Normal school, on Franconia avenue, at $700. Good time given if fair payment down.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Oak street; $550 cash or $600 on time.

LOTS FOR SALE—On east street, on monthly payments of $8 per month until paid.

FOR SALE—Two houses and lots for $600 each, on Reed avenue, East Marion.

FOR RENT.—After July 1st, desirable rooms over Colly & Stone's store. Inquire of Sam. T. Beerbower. 196-tw

FOR RENT—Room over Cull's restaurant, suitable for office or other purposes. Inquire of John Cull 192w1

WANTED—A girl to do general housework Inquire of Mrs M. Dudley, on Jefferson street. 197t3

STAR OFFICE TELEPHONE NUMBER 51.

Use Baker Soap. Absolutely pure.

—Fred Stengel Sundayed with friends at Prospect.

—A number of new ideas in 4th of July goods at Wiant's. 197 t2

—J. Conklin was at Columbus looking about on business today.

—Locke Ireland was at Upper Sandusky today, looking up business

—The largest and most complete line of 4th of July goods at Wiant's.

—Mrs Thomas Watkins is at Xenia on an extended visit with relatives.

—Miss E. Moore is spending a few days with relatives and friends at Delaware.

—Minute soap is the best. It saves time, labor and money. For sale at P. Bauer's

—John Geddis and wife, of Caledonia, Sundayed with C. W. Conaway and wife in this city.

—J. H. Thomas, Alf Tallman and Dave Hummer are at Tonawanda attending the races at that place.

—Judge A. K. Dunn, of Mt. Gilead, was in the city a few hours today, shaking hands with friends.

—Try vermicelli, the prepared German noodles. For sale at Metzger's, J. G. Leffler's and Markert & Schoenlaubs

—Mike Mackey was the only occupant of the "cooler" over Sunday. Mayor Galey charged him the regular amount, $5 and costs.

—Mrs. F. G. Richardson leaves this evening for the East and the seashore for a couple months of pleasure and visit with friends

—A change took place in the superintendency of the C. and A. R'y Sunday, a Mr. Murphy succeeding T. W. Burroughs, resigned.

—Pete Neidig, of Upper Sandusky, came down Saturday to visit his many friends and look over our growing city, and returned today

—Delaware had her sensibilities dreadfully shocked by the nasty crowd from Columbus that attended the Columbus cops' picnic at Greenwood lake

—Delaware Gazette, 28th ult Miss Metta Roberts, an accomplished lady of Marion, O., is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs C. H. Blair, Ninth Washington street

Mrs. J. W. Osmun and children, who have been visiting at the home of Mrs O.'s parents in Urbana for the past few weeks, returned to their home, on north West street, Saturday last

—The 4th of July picnic advertised for James McWilliams' grove will be in D. McWilliams' grove instead. This grove is on Mt Vernon avenue and only a short distance, so that all can walk to it

—O. W. Johnston frightened a burglar from his residence Saturday evening, who was attempting to gain entrance. The would-be thief visited other places in the same locality, but with as little success

CHASE & HUNTER

FOR SALE—Six-room house, north East St., $1500; seven-room house, north Main St. with wash room, cellar, barn, fruit and one lot and a half, all for $2100; lot two squares from Music Hall, $225; lot two squares from Hotel Marion, cheap; seven-room house, south Main street, $1800; house and lot, west South street, $1500; house and lot, Boulevard, $1500, easy payments.

—R. W. Edwards is the guest of relatives at Columbus.

—Prices are most reasonable on 4th of July goods at Wiant's.

—Frank Johnston and John Denny were at Prospect a short time Sunday.

—Mrs. E. Osborn is sick at her home on Oak street, with malarial trouble.

—Will Baker, of Chicago, is the guest of Tracy Allen, on east Center street.

—Jos Johnston and wife are the guests of relatives at Buffalo for a few days

—Miss Alice Parsons, of Mt Gilead, is the guest of L. Rupp and wife in this city.

—Bob Kelly, of Upper Sandusky, was in this city today and made this office a call.

—Mrs. W. E. Seibold returned home today after a short visit with relatives at Kenton.

—Joe Snyder, of the American Express company at Cleveland, is the guest of his parents in this city.

—John Mader, Sherman Shultz, Will Stose and Harry May attended the picnic at Prospect Sunday

—Mrs C. H. Allen, of Paulding, has returned to this city after a short visit with relatives at Chicago

—The Pedestrian Club walked to Delaware and were pleasantly entertained by friends in that city Sunday.

—F. E. Sailer has accepted the office of drill sergeant of the Marion Light Guards First drill this evening at 8:30

—Eight coaches were used to convey the excursionists from Columbus to the railroaders' picnic at Prospect on Sunday

—The reserved seat plat for the drama, Robert Emmet, will be open Wednesday morning, July 3d, at Tristram & Young's

—Pearl Sells, of Prospect, was the guest of relatives in this city Sunday and left for a week's visit at Enterprise this morning.

—Mrs C. Shipper, who has been the guest of relatives and friends in this city for some time past, returned to her home at Omaha, Neb., this morning.

—The Young People's society of the M. E. church will hold its regular meeting at the home of the Misses Burkhart, on east South street, Wednesday evening

—By a break of circumstances the Mansfield base ball club has broken loose from the tail end of the Tri State league Contemplating over their giving the boys the town

—Don't forget the music recital to be given at Normal hall, July 2d, by Mrs. Buskeep and pupils. Snyder's hack will carry passengers to and from the concert at 10 cents for round trip.

—Geo Foster left today with his Sunday school class, consisting of ten boys, for a point about 12 miles north of Columbus on the banks of the Scioto, where they will camp out for a few days.

—Arrangements have been completed by the Catholic Picnic committee for a red hot bicycle race at fair grounds, July 4th, for a gold badge, between the three best wheelmen of Marion and Prospect.

On July 3d and 4th, the Chicago and Atlantic railway will sell excursion tickets at one full fare for the round trip Tickets good returning up to and including July 5th, account of Fourth of July

In the production of Robert Emmett, on July 8th, the club have spared no expense to make it a success The Prospect String band and orchestra have been secured to furnish music for the occasion

—H. D. Barker and Sidney Bowen accompanied by Misses Sally Barker, Emma Haberman, Addie Barker and Mrs. W. G. Barker, drove to Prospect Sunday, and were the guests of friends in that city.

I offer my entire stock of hats and flowers and a general line of summer millinery at prices much below cost. Summer gloves and hosiery at reduced prices

[197tod2w] LAURA HAGEY

—The Marion Light Guards will meet at City Hall, this evening at 8:30, for their first weekly drill All members are expected to be present

W. P. DOMBAUGH, Capt

On July 3d at 8:10 the N. Y., L. E. and W. railway will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip, tickets good going only on day of sale and returning not later than July 5th, 1889 on account of the Fourth of July

—LaRue News, 28th Mrs Robert Myers returned Tuesday from a visit at Marion. Mrs Ellis and daughter, of New York, Mrs Caroline Campbell, Mr. Chris Campbell and Miss Clara Bowen of Marion visited in town yesterday

—Reports from south and east of town are to the effect that those localities experienced the heaviest rainstorm yesterday that has occurred in five years There was no great damage done, but the rain fell in torrents, and everything for a time was flooded.

Cleveland Press Somebody has discovered that there is a State law imposing a fine of $10 for destroying nests of insectivorous birds Small boys who go out in the woods now will take along a book on ornithology and make careful distinction between the kind of birds nests they tear down.

—Willis Bowers met with quite a serious accident this morning while at work at his home, on east Center street While sawing a hard board the saw in some manner bounced and, catching his thumb, severed that member at the first joint from his hand. Dr. Harding was called and attended his injuries.

—There were three numbers drawn on the picture at the Marion Barn last Saturday—391, 1511 and 70. In case the person holding the first number does not call within two weeks the second will be entitled to the picture. A beautiful $5 hanging lamp will be given away in the same manner on the last day of July. Every person purchasing goods to the amount of 25 cents is entitled to a ticket.

—Our Dry Goods House will be closed Thursday, July 4th.

197-t3 JOHN FRAHL.

—A dog belonging to Hank Smiley exhibited signs of the rabbies today, and the animal was promptly shot. Cliff Kling, the crack shot, was executioner. Muzzle the dogs!

—Frank Kirchner is able to be about, after being confined to his home for the past week with a broken arm, the result of a fall from an apple tree while endeavoring to capture an escaped bird.

—Prospect Monitor: John Davis and Herman Heapleher, of Marion, were in town on Thursday... Messrs. A. H. Kling and T. P. Wallace, of Marion, were in town Thursday H. G. Risch, of Marion, was in town on Thursday, repairing the telephone lines A lad and lassie of color, hailing from Marion, afforded the boys about town no small amusement Thursday evening. They called on John Vough, where they indulged freely in the hop beverage, and wound up with a hearty repast at the City Bakery.

To Our Readers

We beg to call your attention to the lines of the "Great and Only" Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway. They now own and operate over 5700 miles of road, extending through Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa and Missouri It is the short line and best route from Chicago to Council Bluffs, Omaha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Kansas City and intermediate points Their equipment is unsurpassed Vestibuled trains, Chair cars, Pullman's finest Sleeping cars, and the finest dining cars in the world. Meals 75 cents If you contemplate a trip west, northwest or southwest of Chicago, you will make no mistake by purchasing your ticket over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St Paul railway All ticket agents have them With to or call on Wm. Kelly, D. P. A., traveling passenger agent, room 25, Clinton block, Columbus, Ohio, for rates of Time Maps, time tables, etc., furnished free.

Children's Day.

On Sunday evening, June 30th the members and children of the English E. L. church held their yearly missionary service, conducted by Rev. M. C. Hecht, pastor of the congregation, assisted by the superintendent of the Sunday school D. Yake

Nearly all the service was purely missionary and very instructive, and the recitations by the scholars were good and the decoration of the church fine, and the ladies of the church deserve a good deal of credit in displaying their taste. It is to be regretted that the church was not larger, for only about one half of those who went could gain entrance, and many had to go away disappointed, though the exercises in all respects were a grand success.

The Sunday school raised for missionary purposes, with the collections of the evening, about $58, and everybody seemed delighted over the good work the scholars had done.

12th Annual Bee Line Excursion.

At the urgent request of quite a number of regular patrons, the Bee Line and Big Four will arrange for one of their popular, personally conducted Excursions to Kansas, Colorado, Salt Lake, Rocky Mountains and Pacific Coast, under the management of the experienced excursion agent, Mr D. Jay Colliver. In order to accommodate all and give ample time to prepare for a visit to the far west, Tuesday, July 23rd, has been selected as the date leaving Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton, Springfield and Indianapolis. Bee Line agents at each point named, will be provided with full instructions and can give full information regarding rates, routes, etc Address them or D. Jay Colliver, Bee Line Pass Ag't, 173 Superior street, Cleveland, O.

NOTE Ask any of our former patrons how the Bee Line takes care of their excursionists.

Two of Mr. Barnum's Stories.

Mr. Barnum's breezy conversation was interspersed at frequent intervals with witty anecdote and quaint sayings He spoke of an old lady who was so deaf that, when some playful chaps fired a small cannon near the old lady's door, she merely said, "Come in." "That was a pretty fair story when I heard it some time ago," said the veteran, but I heard a good one a day or two since that beats it. Two gentlemen were walking along a highway near a railroad One of the pedestrians was somewhat hard of hearing Along came a train, and the one more omitted a frightful shriek. "Hi?" said the deaf one, "that's the first train I've heard this spring."

Boston Herald

Fourth of July.

The general excursion arrangement on the C., C., C. and I. railroad for July 4th, 1889 to and from all stations are as follows All persons presenting full fare one way for all tickets purchased and dated July 3d or 4th, will be permitted to return on the same, without extra charge, until the 5th inclusive For full information as to time of trains, etc., call on L. A. Dombaugh, agent, Marion

Drowned at LaRue

News reaches us from LaRue of the accidental drowning of Marion Price, at that place, Saturday afternoon. Price, with a number of companions, was bathing in the river, when he was attacked with cramps Despite the heroic efforts of a companion to save him, Price succumbed to his terrible fate He was 22 years of age. His relatives reside at Nevada, O

Tourists.

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness For sale in 50c and $1 00 bottles by all leading druggists

Fourth of July Excursion Rates

On July 3d and 4th, the C. H. V. and I. railway will sell local excursion tickets to all points on its lines at one fare for the round trip children over 5 and under 12 years of age, one half the adult rate. Tickets good returning until July 5th

M. R. V.

Regular meeting of the Marion Rebel association Tuesday, July 2d, at 3 o'clock p. m., in Masonic block.

MRS. J. C. JOHNSTON, Pres.

MRS. J. FRIELEY, Sec.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Fair weather, followed by light showers; slowly rising temperature, winds becoming southerly.

CARPETS

THE BEST GOODS

In all grades at the

LOWEST PRICES.

Warner & Edwards.

SUMMER Furnishings.

China and Japanese MATTINGS.

Rugs and Art Squares.

Warner & Edwards.

Bottom Dropped Out of the COAL BIN!

—BUT—

SIMON D'WOLFE

Is on top of the pile, and selling

COAL!

As CHEAP as the CHEAPEST

AND AS

GOOD as the BEST.

A TRIP TO COLORADO

Awed by the Scenery and Dazed by the Dizzy Heights of the Rockies Former Marionites Happy in Their New Home.

[Special Correspondence to the STAR.]

IDAHO SPRINGS, Colo., June 27.—At the special request of some of your constant patrons I write you this, a short description of my trip to the Rockies.

There is no pen so apt, so flowery or learned that can in the least degree do justice to the grandeur and majesty in any of the mountains As we neared Denver on Tuesday morning my attention was called to the north and to the south by the mountains. There they lay, a hundred or more miles away, lifting their snow capped peaks toward heaven, while the rising sun sheds its rays upon them, making them look lovely

We spent one day in Denver looking around and to-day as though we had been suddenly transported to a broiler's oven, the perspiration pouring and a few mild expostulations as to the "hotness" of the day. Denver is a beautiful city and, curious to say, there is in every gutter in the city a stream of running water, which as it goes very rapid, washes all the debris and refuse matter from them, leaving them clean and healthful. Tired horses could stand in it to cool their feet, and promising urchins (they have that kind in the west, too) were wading and washing their ponds and other pets with great satisfaction. It looked very tempting, and ex school teachers have been known to do worse things, but fearing the ridicule of my gang I desisted from joining the youngsters We visited the power house which runs the cable line, and for any one who is interested in machinery it affords a long and profitable study. We left Denver in the afternoon and started up the canon to Idaho. It was very smooth riding until we reached Golden, a small place ten miles west of Denver. After leaving Golden with almost one jump we were in the mountains. They fell on my eyes got big, well, maybe they did but I tried not to let them. There is not more than one piece of straight track between here and Golden long enough to hold a small freight train, and the motion of the train as it whizzed around the sharp curves, made one feel as though he had suddenly swallowed a fly or some other animal, and would be thankful for some one to hold his head On one side a clear creek dashes and foams over rocks and boulders It is not very deep or wide but runs very rapidly, and when it runs the opposite direction from the train one is apt to get his faculties slightly confused. On the other side the rocks project so that it is dangerous to have your elbow extended from the car window. We took a seat on the platform and with a brave but difficult struggle I kept from feeling sick. At first I thought there was no salvation for us but the crack, as the cars run so close that one seems to be hanging right over it then in a second we would dash over a bridge and be compelled to draw back on account of the rocks, and thus we did it for a dozen times before we reached here, alternating with the creek and the rocks I am powerless to tell you of the mountains some of them the solid rock, almost as high as one can see, and others are covered with grass and pine trees It makes one think of the "everlasting hills of God" to look on them They are beautiful, majestic, grand, glorious' (I can't think of more adjectives) We arrived here at six o'clock It is a beautiful little place, and such air and evenings. I can not look in a single direction but what my view is obstructed by the mountains. The air here is dry and thin and although it is pretty hot now, yet by four o'clock the cool air will begin to blow, and it is certainly delightful The mountains around Idaho are not quite so rocky but sandy, covered with a few trees and alive with goats and lambs

The tourists have not yet begun to come, but the citizens are making great preparations for them.

I am happy here, and delighted with the climate. If my friends want to take a trip come west, and the scenery in the canon between here and Golden will more than pay you for your expenses, loss of rest and other misfortunes. C. G.

—Mrs. James DeWolfe returned to her home in Columbus today, after a week's visit with relatives in this city.

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A Fragment of Ancient History

"Scipe" Elliott, as he whittled a stick into a keeper resembling a Roman galley and then proceeded to scuttle it, "you have learned the art of war by watching me do up your arrahs in the plans round about beautiful Rome, as my friend Col. Elliott P. Shepard would say But it seems to me you have a good deal of Gaul to come down here into my country to show off your knowledge If you don't go back and if perfidious Carthage doesn't go back on me again, instead sentence I will drown you in the Emmet boy where Stanley himself will never find you I'm a bad man, Scipe"

"My dear Hannibal Rufus Elliott" placidly responded Scipio Africanus as he cut the leaves of a fresh magazine with a paper cutter made from the ivory of an elephant Carthaginian elephant and, leaning through the pages to see if the wood pulp papers were still running "give yourself no uneasiness on my account You look very well on your native sand bank, he added (as we learn from Polybius, but your name is Dennis I will never forget, Hank"

And everybody knows the battle of Zama took place the next day in Africa host by Brutified because the stingy Carthaginian dealers in pelts and dried codfish hadn't furnished him enough Bessians Chicago Tribune

No Match Here.

Grandma had taught our "2 year old" to answer a great many Bible questions, and was fond of "showing him off." On one of these occasions she asked him, "Who was cast in the lion's den?"

"Daniel," was the prompt answer

"Did the lions eat Daniel?"

"No."

"Why?" "The reason should have been, "Because God shut their mouths," but the little fellow after a minute, said "Cause I'd less Daniel wasn't good to eat."—Detroit Tribune

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Presents in the most elegant form THE LAXATIVE AND NUTRITIOUS JUICE OF THE FIGS OF CALIFORNIA, Combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming an agreeable and effective Laxative to permanently cure Habitual Constipation, and the many ills depending on a weak or inactive condition of the

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It is the most excellent remedy known to CLEANSE THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY When one is Bilious or Constipated —SO AS TO— PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH and STRENGTH NATURALLY FOLLOW.

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